

STRIKERS ARE NOT SATISFIED

While Troops Control The Situation In St. Petersburg, Moscow Is In Their Hands.

THE AWFUL SCENES OF SLAUGHTER

Troops Shoot Down Every One That They Encounter on The Streets--Coming From Outside The City.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MORRIS]
St. Petersburg, Dec. 26.—The strike has practically ended in this city in a defeat of the strikers. Thousands are returning to work. The committee is unable to support them. Nearly a thousand leaders are in jail. The socialists declare that the check is only temporary. They claim to be able to duplicate the scenes of Moscow. Witte's strength is growing. The council ministers have decided to send a brigade of picked troops under Orloff into the Baltic provinces. The Bourgeois and the banks are still closed.

At Moscow
Moscow, Dec. 26.—The troops are partially in control of the city, but the fighting continues in the outskirts. The revolutionists have appealed for help to other cities. The patrols are riding in all directions and shoot without hesitation at all citizens gathered in groups of three or four.

Slay Thousands
London, Dec. 25.—There has been no direct news from Moscow since 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, when the telegraph and telephone line between Moscow and St. Petersburg stopped working, but the Daily Telegraph prints two dispatches from St. Petersburg, dated Dec. 25, claiming to give recent details of the situation in Moscow.

From these dispatches, it seems that fighting is going on incessantly. One dispatch says the casualties up to early on the morning of Dec. 25 were 5,000 killed and 14,000 wounded. The second dispatch, which is dated Dec. 25, 10:38 p. m., says:

"Cannon firing is now proceeding in several parts of the city, where the barricades are being defended desperately, close to the railway stations. The terminus of the Kursk railway is being looted.

Take Refuge in Cellars.
"Fighting proceeded throughout Monday. It was impossible to move from one part of the city to another, because of the danger from stray bullets. The mass of the population, cowering, fear-stricken, in the innermost recesses of stables and cellars, trembling at every boom of the cannon and at every explosion of bombs.

"Many people are suffering from hunger, and the lack of provisions is becoming noticeable.

"The third day of the civil war brought no decisive action, only a thickening of the bloodstained of in-

teusifying horrors. The troops, jaded and worn out after eight or ten hours of dangerous work, loathe the sight of a crowd and fire upon them mechanically and irresistibly.

Spurred On by Hate.
"The anarchists, mindful of their comrades, who have been mowed down like grass, are furious against the soldiers, police, and Cossacks, and in fact against every representative of authority, whatever his uniform may be.

"The driving force behind both the troops and the rebels is no longer that of enthusiasm or of any human impulse. It is the force of superhuman hate, and hence the deeds reported are not the acts of patriots, soldiers, or otherwise, but the enmities of madmen.

"It is impossible to understand how any emotion, even of the extremes of despair or hate, can impart such foolhardy courage as some of the rebels display.

"For every barricade destroyed on Sunday two or three appeared in other places. Orders were given by the revolutionists to shoot only when there was good hope of bringing a man down, but otherwise to fire out the troops until they lost patience.

"The most surprising thing of all is the loyalty of the troops, which nobody here anticipated.

Leaders Are Confident.
"Talking with an intelligent group of St. Petersburg revolutionists, I was informed that, while they believed the strike would be victorious, they fully realized they were staking everything upon the issue and that failure would set back their cause for several years. They said they were devoting their efforts to shaking the foundations of Russian finance, in full confidence that once the existing regime was overthrown they could as quickly build another, and that foreign nations would be as ready to advance money to a democratic republic as to the autocracy.

"They emphatically denied that they were inciting the peasantry to commit agrarian outrages, declaring that these outrages were the work of the socialists, but they did not deny the advocacy of the distribution of the crown lands among the peasants.

"In conclusion they declared that in the event of the failure of their cause they would have recourse to terrorism, choosing their victims from all classes of society."



ON THE COLD GRAY MORNING AFTER—The American family man realizes that December 25th has meant not hie to him but innumerable presents of slippers, neckties and bills.

A COUNTY FAIR IN HEART OF NEW YORK

Metropolitans View Exhibitions of Farm Products, Live Stock and Poultry and See Circus.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
New York, Dec. 26.—The first New York County Fair and Circus opens at the Madison Square Garden today and there is every indication that it will prove a great attraction for the next five days. This is the first time since New York has become a city that a county fair with all the customary adjuncts is held in the very heart of the town. It will offer a rare opportunity to thousands of New Yorkers to see something closely resembling a real county fair for the first time in their lives. The exhibition of farm products and stock is probably larger than at most county fairs and the list of premiums considerably greater. There are all breeds of cattle, sheep, horses and hogs, all kinds of poultry, from the common scrub hen to the costliest ornamental fowls among the farm products are samples of the various grains, beans, peas, egg plant, lettuce, cabbage, cauliflower, celery, turnips, onions, pumpkins, squash, watermelons; all kinds of fruit and a large variety of flowers and leaf plants. Like other county fairs this fair will have many special attractions for the entertainment of the visitors and they will, naturally, be on a much larger scale than those shown at other county fairs. Among the most prominent special features will be circus performances by some of the most famous companies now in the country, a baby show for valuable prizes, which will surpass anything ever shown in this country, a dog show, races and athletic and track contests of considerable interest.

WHAT IS LAWSON TO DO WITH THE STOCK?

Anaconda Jumps Up Thirty-One Points from Saturday's Closing Prices.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MORRIS.]
New York City, Dec. 26.—Speculation in copper was resumed this morning on a violent scale, which gave rise to many interesting but unverified stories. Anaconda continued its pyrotechnics and advanced to 245, or 31 points over Saturday's close. The amalgamated jumped three points to 103 1/2. Lawson's position is problematical.

BANK OFFICIALS ARE WANTED OUT IN IOWA

Traded Bogus Land for an Automobile—Bank Robbers Asked for by Governor.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MORRIS.]
Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 26.—The governor issued a requisition for the return of Homer Whitehall, H. Johnson and W. Stanton of Chillicothe, Mo., for dynamiting the bank at Udel. W. C. Bryan, president of the New Sharon Light company, was arrested charged with trading worthless land for a twelve hundred-dollar automobile.

DOWAGER EMPRESS REWARDS PAINTER

Many High Honors, Two Titles and Immense Sum Given Hubert Voss, the Portrait Artist.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
New York, Dec. 26.—Hubert Voss, the portrait painter, who has just returned from China, where he went at the summons of the Empress Dowager to paint her portrait, has not only received \$100,000 for the master painting, but was also made a knight commander of the Double Dragon and a mandarin of the empire of the second class. He was also appointed royal painter of the Chinese court and, as a special mark of favor, was given permission to paint for himself a picture of her majesty, which she had framed for him. While painting the picture of the Empress Dowager she had hung in front of his studio in Peking twelve beautiful Chinese lanterns, on one side of which was written the artist's name and on the other, "The Great Painter from the East, Who Has Come to Paint the Empress Dowager's Portrait." The lanterns were presented to the artist.

FAILED TO MARRY: IS FORCED TO PAY

Member of the "International Nine" Chosen a Year Ago To Be Wedded, Sets 'Em Up.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Wilmington, Del., Dec. 26.—The annual dinner of the International Nine, an organization of young men formed two years ago, will be given this evening at the Clayton House and Frank D. Horick, one of the members, will pay for the spread. Every year one of the nine members is chosen by lot to get married within the year. If he should fail to get married, it becomes his duty to pay for the annual dinner. Last year Horick was chosen and as he failed to marry within the year he must pay for the dinner. Since the club was formed none of the members has become married.

COACHING PARTY IS HIT BY FAST TRAIN

One Man Dead, Two Seriously Injured and Four Hurt in the Accident.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MORRIS.]
Frederick, N. J., Dec. 26.—John Brennan is dead, Howard Schofield and Samuel Hampton fatally injured, and four are dangerously hurt as the result of a collision of a railroad train and coaching party, the members of the Avon Basketball team, returning from a game. They were taken in the caboose to a hospital. The impact scattered the party in all directions.

Governor General Luke El Wright of the Philippines arrived in Memphis yesterday to spend the holidays at his home. He said he knew nothing regarding the rumors that he intended to resign his office.

Buy it in Janesville.

IMPORTANT LEARNED ASSOCIATIONS MEET

Four Gatherings Under Auspices of Johns Hopkins University This Week.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Baltimore, Md., Dec. 26.—Four important learned associations will hold their meetings here this week. Probably the most important of the meetings is that of the American Historical Association, which will open at Johns Hopkins university this evening. It will be the twenty-first annual meeting of the association of which Mr. Andrew D. White was the first president. The other associations which will meet here this week under the auspices of the Johns Hopkins university are the American Political Science association, The American Economic association, and the Bibliographical Society of America. At the opening session tonight, at which the members of all four associations will be present, President Ira Remson of Johns Hopkins university will deliver the welcoming address. Then Prof. Frank J. Goodnow, president of the American Political Science association, and Prof. John B. McKim, president of the American Historical association, will deliver their annual addresses. Tomorrow there will be joint sessions in the morning and afternoon and in the evening the members will attend a reception given in their honor by Mr. Theodore Marburg. The ladies of the Maryland Society of the Colonial Dances of America will also attend the reception. On Thursday Bishop and Mrs. William Parist will give a luncheon to the delegates at the Episcopal residence and in the evening the delegates will be the guests of the Arundel club of Mrs. William M. Elliott, who has arranged a reception for the ladies and a smoker for the men. Saturday will be spent in Washington, D. C., by the members and they will also take a side trip to Annapolis. Besides the joint sessions each association will hold separate sessions in which a number of interesting papers will be read by some of the most prominent historians, political economists and bibliographers of the country. Among those who will deliver addresses are St. George L. J. Sissat of the University of the South, Charles Lee Raper of the University of North Carolina, William E. Dault of the Randolph-Macon college, Walter L. Fleming of the University of West Virginia, William A. Dunning of Columbia university and others.

TRIED TO SUICIDE, BUT WAS PREVENTED

Unknown Man Wanted to Jump Into the River at St. Paul, But Was Rescued.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MORRIS.]
St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 26.—An unknown man attempted to leap into the river and was prevented by Sylvester Montour, whom the man fought desperately until others interfered and the would-be suicide was taken to a hospital, where it was found he had already taken strychnine and morphine.

P. B. Kummer of Pana, Ill., aged 76, a wealthy land owner, died at Assumption yesterday.

CHRISTMAS AT WHITE HOUSE

Roosevelt And His Family Enjoy A Quiet Day At Their Official Home.

ARCHIBALD HAS HIS OWN TREE

Quentin Hung Up His Stocking—Entire Family Going For Trip Into The Country Tomorrow.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MORRIS.]
Washington, Dec. 25.—President Roosevelt appeared at his office in riding costume this morning. Secretary Loeb did not appear at all, as he is awaiting an interesting incident at home. There was little official business. The President, his son, Theodore, and the latter's chum took a horseback ride. The family are planning a trip to the country tomorrow. The boys will take their rifles and expect big game. A number of callers at the White House today were disappointed to find the President away.

Christmas Day
Roosevelt and family spent the happiest of their five Christmases in the White House Monday, the entire house being given over to the younger members of the family. As usual, all presents from members of the family, relatives and friends, hundreds in number, were displayed in the library. Questions as to what Mr. Longworth presented to Miss Roosevelt met with a smile in response, and whether a ring, bracelet, hook, flowers, a rare picture, or bric-a-brac probably will not be known outside the family for a day or two.

Archibald Roosevelt, the youngest of the president's children, is the only member of the family with a devoted fondness for a Christmas tree, and he insisted on distributing his gifts to the family and servants through this medium. He put up and decorated a little tree himself, called in the family to admire it, and personally distributed the gifts. Quentin hung up his stocking in the old-fashioned way.

Roosevelts Out for Luncheon.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt with all their children went to the residence of Capt. and Mrs. Cowles in the forenoon, to enjoy the unveiling of Sheffield Cowles' Christmas tree, and all remained to luncheon. Miss Roosevelt wore when she left the White House a striking walking costume, of

dark blue velvet, with a velvet hat and a long, light blue ostrich plume. The president and two elder boys were arrayed for walking.

There were twenty-six seated about the table in the state dining room at night. The dinner party was informal and included all the members of the president's family, Capt. and Mrs. Cowles, the president's brother-in-law and sister, and Representative Nicholas Longworth.

Mrs. Fairbanks to Entertain.
Vice-President and Mrs. Fairbanks, who entertained their family at a Christmas eve dinner, left town for Indianapolis. They will return in time for the New Year's reception at the White house. Mrs. Fairbanks will observe the custom of giving a New Year's day reception, but will not be home the following Wednesday.

With the exception of Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Shaw, who dined with the secretary of commerce and labor and Mrs. Metcalf, all the cabinet members enjoyed small family dinner parties at home. Secretary and Mrs. Shaw have as guests over the holidays Leslie Gulick and Eugene Dunn, nephews of Mrs. Shaw, from Clinton, Ia., and Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Shaw's niece, and her two sons from Vermont.

Children's Party Largely Attended.
The largest Christmas entertainment given in the diplomatic corps was a children's party at the Cuban legation, when the two children of Minister and Mme. Quesada, Aurora and Gonzales, invited over 100 young friends to the unveiling of a tree. Upon a brilliantly lighted and decorated tree were presents for the children, prizes for the winners of games, and favors. There was music and dancing, and altogether it was one of the gayest parties of Christmas-tide.

TEACHERS' MEETINGS IN SEVERAL STATES

Iowa, Illinois and Ohio Conferences Opened Three Day Sessions Today.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Des Moines, Ia., Dec. 26.—Teachers from all parts of the state are assembled here to attend the annual conference of the State Teachers' association, which will open here this evening with an educational council. Dr. Shailer Mathews of Chicago will deliver the principal address of the evening. Other addresses will be delivered by Miss Sarah Louise Arnold, dean of Simmons college, Boston, who will speak on "The Essentials of a Liberal Education"; State Superintendent W. W. Stetson of Augusta, Me.; R. G. Moulton of the University of Chicago; State Superintendent J. P. Riggs of Des Moines, and Prof. M. G. Brummbough of the University of Pennsylvania, who will speak on "Americanism in Porto Rico." Besides the regular sessions and educational councils there will be a number of departmental meetings.

At Springfield
Springfield, Ill., Dec. 26.—The Illinois State Teachers' association opened a three days' session at the capitol building today. The attendance is unusually large and great interest is manifested by the members. Among the speakers who will address the conference will be Dr. Paul Shorey of the University of Chicago, Dr. W. F. Frost of Berea, Ky., and others.

At Columbus

Columbus, O., Dec. 26.—The attendance at the meeting of the State Teachers' association, which opened here today is unusually large, owing to the fact that some matters of great importance to the teachers of the state will come up for consideration and discussion. The teachers are greatly agitated over the probability of some radical school legislation during the coming session of the general assembly and, it is expected, will vigorously protest against any legislation which would disturb the present system. The teachers will particularly oppose the proposition to create larger boards of education.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Fred Bowman, a liveryman of Muscatine, Ia., was stabbed and seriously wounded by Jack Smith, a negro, in a fight yesterday. Smith was captured after an exciting race. Section Foreman Schultz of Cary, Minn., was killed, a man named Leitz was fatally injured and another named Larsen was badly hurt yesterday when a train struck a handcar on which they were riding.

NEW REVOLUTION IN PEURTA PLATA NEXT

One of the Numerous Revolutions Breaks Out—Government Vessel is on Hand.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPTS-MORRIS.]
Washington, Dec. 26.—The navy department was notified that the gunboat Duquesne with Lieutenant Commander Zecheitler has arrived at Puerto Plata. It is expected it will preserve order there. The war department was notified by Associated Customs Collector Edwards of Santo Domingo that Carlos F. Morales, the president, was dissatisfied with the lack of support of his cabinet and had left the capital with a few followers. It was his intention to join Jimenez in opposition to Horcasitas. A conflict between the factions is imminent, probably in the vicinity of Hanjuran or Puerto Plata. Morales may attempt to establish a new capital and create a new cabinet. The receivership is unaffected so far. Troops were sent after the magistrate and it is known a fight took place ten miles from Santo Domingo. It is supposed the government troops attacked General Pimental. The captain of the port of Puerto Plata was killed and the governor of the province defied the central government and barricaded the town.

COLLINS SANCTIONS AMATEUR MATCHES

Boxing Tournament Under Auspices of New Illinois Athletic Club Allowed in Chicago.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 26.—The open amateur boxing tournament under the auspices of the New Illinois Athletic club will open this evening at the Coliseum. The tournament, which will last three nights, is attracting considerable attention and promises to be very interesting, as there are quite a number of promising entries from all parts of the state. All contestants must be amateurs and must have credentials from the Amateur Athletic union. All contestants must be members of some accredited amateur club. Chief of Police Collins has given permission for the holding of the boxing matches, notwithstanding the efforts which had been made from certain quarters to prevent the tournament. One of the specially arranged features will be a match between Fred Gilmore and Ben. Linsted, his conqueror in a recent battle.

LATE TELEGRAMS

Two Killed
Meridian, Miss., Dec. 26.—Two were killed in a collision on the Alabama and Vicksburg road last night, a trainman and a tramp.

Town Burned
Portland, Ore., Dec. 26.—Tipton, Oregon, was practically destroyed by fire last night. There was little water to fight the flames and no fire department. There is no insurance. Most of the people are homeless.

Notables Married
Paris, Dec. 26.—The civil marriage of Count Jules Bonnaventure and the Princess Bianca Stiglano Colonna, a granddaughter of Mrs. John W. Mackay, was performed at the mayor's office at Passy suburb today and will take place in the church tomorrow.

Lou Megargie Dead
Philadelphia, Dec. 26.—Louis N. Megargie, publisher of "Scen and Heard" and one of the best-known newspaper men in the country, died at eight this morning.

Will Not Resign
St. Paul, Minn., Dec. 26.—J. J. Hill's private secretary this morning denied the report that Hill would resign or at least reduce his activity in railroad financial circles.

What a Hen Achieved.
A motor car traveling at high speed through Constance, says a Geneva correspondent, was overturned by a hen, which was struck and caught by the machinery. One of the occupants of the car was instantly killed, and three others were seriously injured.

Advice for the Struggler.
Determine upon one subject, and pursue it to its conclusion, regardless of discouragement in any shape or form. Do not be in too great a hurry to become your own master. There is nothing more distressing than to see a man in a position beyond his depths.—Sir Clifton Robinson.

Wants ads mean business.

AMERICANS HURT BY RECIPROCITY

CUBANS AND SUGAR TRUST WERE ONLY BENEFICIARIES.
PHILIPPINE CASE SIMILAR

Reduction of Tariff Would Increase Prices of Both Sugar and Tobacco.

(By William Wolf Smith.)
Washington, D. C.—Special Correspondence.—What's the matter with Congress? Like a powerful locomotive straining in every joint and throbbing with life, plunging into a snow bank, it entered the session under a full head of steam and with every indication that the session would be characterized by the transaction of business with a snap and vim seldom seen. But as the particles of snow, so soft and white and apparently powerless, by gently drifting into the machinery checks the speed and brings the great locomotive puffing to a standstill, so Congress finds its way impeded by a thousand difficulties which have softly operated to stop its onward career. It is now time for it to back up, and, during the holidays, accumulate a new head of steam to again plunge into the mass of legislation lying inert before it after the recess.

What has Congress done to date? In anticipation of the liveliest kind of a session, the committees, usually not selected until after the recess, were announced some time since. They will be organized in time to take hold immediately after the holidays but as yet have been unable to accomplish much. The net result, therefore of Congress' labors in the anti-holiday period, aside from the introduction of thousands of bills, has been the passage of the Panama canal appropriation and bond bill and the reporting of the Philippine tariff bill by the Ways and Means Committee. Railroad legislation, scheduled to go through with a whoop, has been safely sidetracked for the present, at least. The senate committee which held hearings last spring that it might have a bill framed by the opening of Congress, is still wrestling with the problem with no signs of reaching a conclusion. The House has spent a week discussing life insurance and national control, with incidental speeches on other topics for home consumption during the next campaign. Otherwise than mentioned, little has been done, but we are promised great things when Congress reconvenes for there are all sorts of measures pressing for attention.

A novel reason is given for choking off the ship subsidy or "subvention" (to use a more euphonious name) bill, which is that "Uncle Joe" Cannon fears that it will precipitate a discussion of the tariff on steel because the steel trust sells plates to the shipbuilders on the Clyde for forty per cent less than to American shipbuilders. It is not intended at this time to discuss the merits of the ship subsidy proposition further than to say that if Congress sanctions by inaction the robbery of American seeking to build ships and Americans engaged in constructing ships in American shipyards, by other Americans engaged in making steel plates, justice would appear to demand that Congress should extend a helping hand to the sufferers. The steel trust should not be allowed to have it all! But Mr. Cannon could scarcely advance such a peremptory reason for opposing the shipping bill for he knows as well as any one that it is impossible to prevent a discussion of the tariff. It is like Banquo's ghost. Further than that, and this is a fact so important that it is strange it has been generally overlooked, the Dingley tariff provides that for ships built to engage in foreign trade steel plates may be imported free, so that the American shipbuilders can buy their plates abroad if they so desire. Moreover, "Uncle Joe" knows perfectly well that in "general debate" on the appropriation bills any subject under the sun can be discussed and that much will be said on the tariff this winter whether there is any shipping bill or not. If that were not enough refutation of this silly reason ascribed to the astute Speaker for opposing this measure, the fact that he has consented to the Philippine tariff bill for this bill directly opens the tariff that can be crowded into the short time that will be allowed for debate.

Speaking of the Philippine tariff bill I venture the prediction that it will eventually create as much of a row as the Cuban reciprocity measure. Its backing comes largely from the same source. As General Wood influenced the President to demand Cuban reciprocity, so Secretary Taft, who governed the Philippines as Wood did Cuba, has secured the administration's support for his bill. In both cases the benefit to the allies was to be had at the expense of the American tobacco and sugar interests. The Cuban bill was forced through Congress by sheer weight of the administration's influence, and as far as this country is concerned, has proven a rank failure. The imports of Cuban sugar, cigars and tobacco have increased wonderfully but our exports to the island are increasing very slowly. The sugar trust swallows two-thirds of the reduction on sugar and the plantation owners get the balance, while the price to consumers in the United States is higher than before. Last session the committee on Ways and Means reported a similar bill, much more unfavorable to the American interests in fact than the present one with only one vote in the negative and it was rushed through the House with scanty opportunity for debate and substantially no opposition. This year it barely escaped being killed in committee, the final vote being seven to five. Representative Dabcock, of Wisconsin, for five terms the successful chairman of the Republican Congressional committee, voted against the measure. The meanwhile from forty to sixty republicans in the House have declared their intention of voting against the

bill. This change of front means something and it is not difficult to guess that it means that sentiment on the subject is changing. An appeal to the civility and generosity of the Americans always meets a hearty response and Congress was ready to let down the bars to the Philippines last session. But hard business sense should be consulted by philanthropy, and the question as to whether it is wise to open our markets to seven million aliens at the best only a few degrees removed from savagery, is now being seriously considered by the statesmen. It may sound well and appeal to the sentimental side of America, but it is a wise business policy? There appears to be danger in forcing the Philippines ahead too fast. Only recently released from the corruption of Spanish rule, emancipated from the domination of the Friars, it is now proposed to give them the glad hand and welcome them with open arms like a long-lost brother. First, free trade; second, the ballot; for the same arguments apply. The experience of the republican party in enfranchising the negroes should serve as a warning against showering favors upon people who are not in a position to appreciate them.

The bill is scheduled to come up in the House immediately after the recess and this haste evidences the weakness of those behind it. Assurance had been given that the committee would not take the matter up until after the holidays but the display of strength made by the opposition led to the decision on the part of the leaders to jam it through the committee and through the House at the earliest possible moment. Consequently the hearings were hurriedly called and held and the bill reported, and at that it was nearly defeated in the committee.

Representative Needham, republican, of California, is one of those who believes "Cuban reciprocity" is a one-sided argument. His vote for the Philippine tariff bill in the Ways and Means Committee but before doing so offered an amendment to repeal the Cuban Reciprocity Act, which Chairman Payne refused on the ground that it was not germane. Mr. Needham also voted to make the reduction fifty per cent instead of twenty-five per cent. In the end, however, he voted for the Payne bill, otherwise the vote would have been a tie and the bill would not have been reported. In explaining his position Mr. Needham said to your correspondent:

"When the amendment was proposed for a fifty per cent rate on sugar and tobacco, I voted for it on the theory that we would be doing substantial justice for both sides of the question. Personally, I would have preferred a fifty per cent bill, but as this was without the range of possibility, I did not propose to vote against the bill entirely."

"I propose to offer in the House after the holiday recess a bill repealing the Cuban Reciprocity Treaty," continued Mr. Needham. "My theory is that Cuba is not under our flag and the working of the reciprocity arrangement has shown no beneficial effects to us. On the contrary there has been a loss of revenue on Cuban exports to this country. We have not gained any trade from its operation. All or a majority of Cuba's trade is going to England and Europe and Cuba does not appreciate the kindly motive which actuated this government to so favor her in trade matters. I do not know whether my bill will be received with any degree of favor by the House, but if it does not pass it will at least serve a notice to Cuba that if she expects to continue our good will she should look with more favor upon our markets and patronize them to a greater extent than she is now doing."

Representative Davidson, of Wisconsin, in an interview with your correspondent, said that while he believed this government should do all in its power to encourage the Philippines in agricultural pursuits, and in the development of the cultivation of tobacco and sugar within their borders, he would not under any circumstances vote for a reduction of duty on imports of tobacco and sugar if he was positively certain such a reduction would result in an injury to the producers and manufacturers of these products in the United States.

"I feel it to be my first duty as a member of Congress and a representative of the people who elected me to protect my home industries," said Mr. Davidson. "If I were certain beyond a doubt that this action would be detrimental to the tobacco and sugar interests of Wisconsin, I would not hesitate for a moment to vote against the reduction in duty as proposed by the Payne bill. I intend to carefully consider the provisions of the bill and look into the effect it will have on the sugar and tobacco producers of my state."

"After carefully considering this matter, as I intend to, should I feel that the proposed legislation would be injurious to the tobacco and sugar interests of not only my own state but of the country as a whole, I shall vote against such action. As I do not think we should sacrifice our home industries for the benefit of the Philippines,"

Plans have been drawn for the erection of a new Papal legation in a fashionable part of the city and it is expected that by the spring of 1907 it will be ready for occupancy. The building will be erected by the Catholic hierarchy of America and placed at the disposal of the Papal delegate.

rent free. It will cost one hundred thousand dollars exclusive of the decorations. The new structure will be the 6000 feet and four stories high. The roof will be flat and will have a roof garden. The first floor will contain a reception hall eighteen feet wide, two drawing rooms 20x25 feet each, and a dining room the same size. The legation will also be kitchen, offices and several other small quarters to fill up the ground floor. The drawing rooms will be entirely in white and gold, with mantles of Italian marble, carved in Italy. The dining room will have an oak-paneled ceiling and wainscoting hung with tapestries. A massive white marble staircase will lead to the second floor, which is to be a private chapel 25x50 feet. This will have a sacristy where the public may attend services. The second floor will have the delegates' library and suites of rooms for the visiting delegates and prelates and will also contain the delegates' apartments. The third floor will be devoted to suites for the secretary of the legation, the auditor and guests' chambers.

The passing of the legation from its present quarters to its new home will mark a step in the history of the Catholic church in this country. When Cardinal Salotti first came here as Papal "legate" or "delegate" he lived at the Catholic University until a residence was purchased for him near St. Aloysius church. This church is controlled by the Jesuits, who made much of Cardinal Salotti, and rightly or wrongly, the reactionary tendencies displayed by Salotti during the latter part of his stay, were ascribed to Jesuitical influence. It took years for the Catholic University to suffer from the effects of his hostility. I well remember the rejoicing when he was made Cardinal, and summoned to Rome as well as the ceremony when he received the red skull cap indicating his new churchly rank, having been present on this occasion. Later your correspondent was one of the party which went down the bay in a revenue cutter to welcome Cardinal Martini, Cardinal Salotti's successor. At the beginning Protestants were inclined to take umbrage at Pope Leo XIII for sending a "delegate" to this country, as they thought it was an attempt to open up diplomatic relations. This feeling has now passed away and it is generally recognized that the presence in Washington of an apostolic delegation is a tribute from Rome to the importance of the church in this country. Archbishop Falconio has been even more satisfactory to the American Catholics than Cardinal Martini, and the relations between the church in this country and the Holy See are very pleasant and cordial. The Catholics have invested millions of dollars in Washington. They have the finest church edifices of any denomination or creed and their educational institutions outrank all others in buildings and grounds. The Catholic University, with its affiliated institutions under the care of the various orders, represents an investment of four or five million dollars. On the opposite side of the city is Georgetown University, a Jesuit institution, while there are several important convent schools.

If you tire of buckwheat, try Mrs. Austin's famous Pancake flour. Made from the great food cereals.

Modern Language Association. The central division of the Modern Language Association begins its meetings here Wednesday afternoon with a series of papers on subjects pertaining to English, German and Romance philology. At the opening session Professor Ernst Voss of the German department will present a paper on "Adam Daniel Richter, Naumburg, 1752," and Professor J. P. A. Pyre of the English department will consider "The Language of Tennessee's Early Poems with Reference to the Influence of His Predecessors."

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VARSAITY PROFS. AT CONFERENCES

ATTENDING MEETINGS OF EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATIONS.

MANY ARE ON THE PROGRAM

Modern Language Association Meets at Madison—Other Gatherings Elsewhere.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 25.—Most of the members of the faculty of the University of Wisconsin are attending the meetings of the learned societies which are held each year during the Christmas recess. Many of the professors are to take active part in these meetings as officers and speakers. The eleventh annual meeting of the central division of the Modern Language Association of America is to be held at the University of Wisconsin this year, the sessions beginning tomorrow and continuing for three days. Practically all of the faculty and many graduate students of the university departments of history, political economy and political science leave in a special car tomorrow morning for Baltimore, where the twenty-first annual meeting of the American Historical Association, the second annual meeting of the American Political Science Association and the second annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, which with the allied scientific societies is to be in session from Dec. 29 to Jan. 4. Eight members of the faculty are on the program of the Wisconsin Teachers' Association meeting in Milwaukee, and a number of others will also attend. Other scientific society meetings at which the university will be represented are the Society of American Bacteriologists at Detroit, the Association of American Anatomists, American Zoological society, American Society of Naturalists, Central Association of Botanists, all at Ann Arbor, Geological Society of America at Ottawa, Astronomical and Astrophysical Society of America at New York, Archaeological Institute of America and American Philological association, Ithaca, N. Y.; Association of American Geographers and Conference of Deans and Social Advisers of Women of State Universities at Chicago.

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Real Estate Transfers. Louis P. Fellows to John T. Billings \$125 pt. c/2, n/4, sec 25-3-12. Mary Adella Clark to William R. Selleck \$3,000 pt. lot 6 town of Rock in city of Janesville.

Want ads bring results.

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it is merely good sense to delegate as much work as possible to others—

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WANTED—Head waitress, no washings. Also competent girls for general housework; good wages. Inquire of Mrs. E. M. McGee, 276 West Milwaukee St.

WANTED—Baptist, trustworthy man or woman to work in Wisconsin, representing large manufacturing company. Salary \$40 to \$50 per month, paid weekly, expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. H. Moore, Janesville, Wis.

WANTED—Housekeeper for two in family; five miles in country. Address P. O. Route 3 box 4.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, modern improvements, with up-to-date bath. No. 10 Toronto St., cor. West 1st St.

FOR RENT—House, two and three acres of land, inquire of Ray Bump, Edgerton, R. 1, or Mrs. B. Shaw, Linden Avenue.

FOR RENT—Modern home in Second ward, C. S. Chasland, Hayes block.

WANTED—A position as bookkeeper or office assistant, by one of experience. Address Gazette.

FOR RENT—House and barn 180 N. Jackson St. Apply to F. L. Slemons, Livery block.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—At clearing out prices—A ten-room house and barn, with modern conveniences. Would take farm in exchange. If not sold soon, will be rented. A nice acre farm one mile south of Linden Avenue, with some choice building lots. If you think of buying or building a house, contact us for more money to loan on real estate security. W. J. LITTS, 210 Jackson Block, Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE—Forty-acre tract with house, barn and tobacco shed on Milton avenue, on mile from P. O. Janesville. Address C. P. McBratney, Oconomowoc, Wis.

FOR SALE—Square oak dining table for ten feet length. Mrs. H. B. Hill, 225 Jackson St.

ONE of the best homes in the city must be sold at once, on account of sickness and poor health. Call and get full particulars. We have a large list of desirable homes at most reasonable prices and terms. Also a large list of farm property. Call or write us. Both phones. SCOTT & SHEPARD, Real Estate, Coal and General Insurance Agents, Phoenix Block, 11 West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis.

WANTED—Agents to handle hygienic goods; \$100 per week guaranteed. Refuse no offers. Apply at once. R. W. Gungler, 26 North Main St., Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE—Fancy turkeys, 18c; geese, ducks and spring chickens, 12c at Thorpe & Co's 29 N. Main St.

FOR SALE—A bargain in a farm, 305 acres, within a few miles from Elkhardt, Ind. 238 acres under cultivation; 45 acres bare oak; 10 acres bottom land, first class for truck raising; 26 acres pasture; 40 acres timber; 1st acre sandy loam; raises high grade of corn. Improved with blue-room house, woodshed, ice house, smoke house, corn crib, two large barns and a large shed. 16 miles from the station on the Chicago & N. W. branch of L. S. & M. S. Will sell the whole or any part very reasonable. A nice water creek runs directly across the whole property. Address A. W. Allen 1002 Tri-une Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—A few more shares in the Consolidated at par; 5 miles developed; 100 to 150 mill complete and plenty of good ore to run many years. Stock doubles first dividend, and sale closes. Wisconsin mines pay dividends. Invest now. For full particulars see H. S. Bicknell, agent.

MISCELLANEOUS

LADIES—I have a few hats and bonnets left. I shall sell them cheap. Mrs. Sadler, No. 1 N. Jackson St., cor. Milwaukee St.

MEAL Tickets to Watson's restaurant.

NOTICE: Packages and bundles delivered promptly, and drawing of all kinds done. Leave orders at 33 N. Main St.

Excursion Tickets to International Live Stock Exposition, Chicago.

Via the North-Western Line, will be sold Dec. 16 to 20, inclusive, limited to return until Dec. 24, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

Special Holiday Excursion Rates for Students and Teachers, via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at low rates on presentation of proper certificates issued by the educational institutions. For full particulars as to dates of sale, limits, etc., apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

Half Rates to Golf Tournament, Mexico City, Mexico, via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at one fare for the round trip, January 1 to 12, inclusive, with favorable return limits. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

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Wisconsin Telephone Company

Now is the time to have a Telephone installed in your home or office. Don't keep putting it off till tomorrow. Rates are reasonable. Ask local manager for rates.

Wisconsin Telephone Company

= FORTY YEARS AGO =

Janesville Daily Gazette, Tuesday, December 26, 1865.—The Race.—There was a race yesterday on the Janesville Driving Park between the horses Joe Davis and Grapeshot, the first named horse winning the race.

The 13th.—We today received a call from Rev. J. I. Foote, chairman of the 13th regiment. He came home to spend Christmas. Returning to Madison, however, to be present when the regiment is paid off tomorrow.

Fire Limits.—It will be observed by an ordinance published, that the common council has established fire limits, and affixed penalties for infringements of the ordinance in question. This is a wise measure, as the business portion of the city can scarcely afford to be put in jeopardy by the erection of inflammable buildings on the main streets.

Christmas.—Within the memory of the "oldest inhabitants," there was never a finer Christmas day in this latitude than that of yesterday. The atmosphere was mild; the sun shown

his blindest and most pleasing face, and had it not been for a small body of snow on the ground, it would not have required a great stretch of the imagination to think it the middle of October. The usual services in the Episcopal and Catholic churches were well attended and there was a general disposition manifested to make it a "Merry Christmas." We believe the day was most heartily enjoyed by all our citizens.

M. C. Smith & Co.—Messrs. M. C. Smith & Co. (and when we say "Co." we mean Mr. Robert Bostwick) have become one of the permanent institutions of this city whose business it is to furnish that injunction of the scripture which imposes upon us the duty of "clothing the naked." Their large establishment is well filled with every sort of garment necessary to the outward adornment, and they make their prices conform to the times. Clothes do not make a man, but after the man is made, a good fitting suit makes one much more presentable. Their trade is already large and is daily becoming more extensive.

..COMING ATTRACTIONS..

The Four Madcaps.—The four small Madcaps, a dancing quartet of girls which is a feature of "The Land of Nod" production in the Chicago Opera House, have not alone reduced the art of dancing and the physical endurance it requires to a science, but they have accomplished quite as much for the open questions of the best way in which to live, to eat, to save money, to avoid social entanglements, and to provide for the old age that will likely, considering their perfected constitutions, descend upon them many years hence.

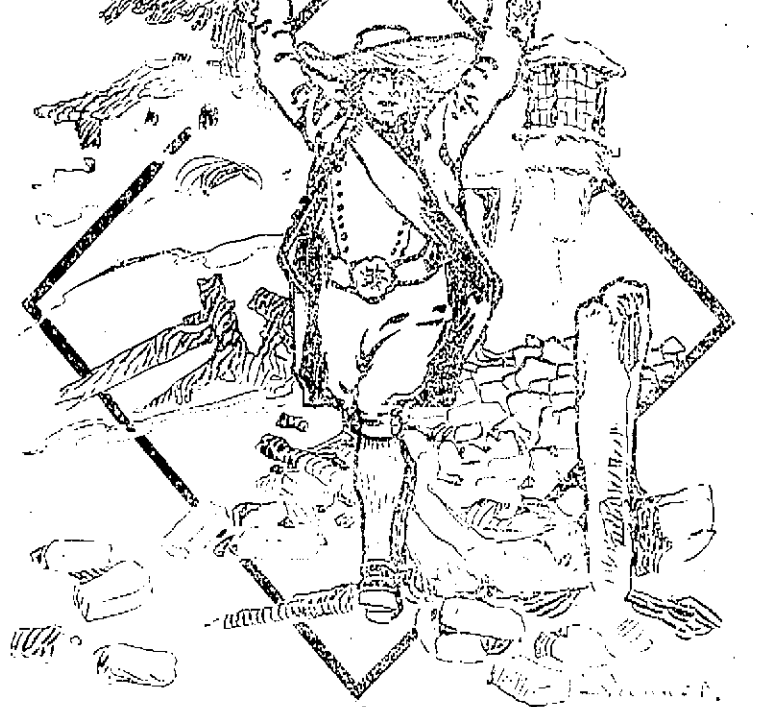
Three of the Madcaps have been together for fifteen years; the fourth member joined them six years ago. The three were trained in the Royal Ballet, Koenigshof theatre, Munich, which they entered when they were 7 years of age. Later they received additional training in the English pantomime, being engaged at one time in Manchester, where they were obliged to report at 9 o'clock. From 9 until 2 they were given "exercises," from 2 until 11 at night they were engaged in the two performances given, during which they were allowed two hours in which to rest, the meal being served in their dressing rooms.

Little wonder, then, that they eagerly accepted the offer of a shrewd foreign manager, who agreed to bring them to America, where they could appear in vaudeville and work only about an hour each day. The manager, however, wanted four girls in place of three, so he advertised for candidates. Over 100 dancing girls were tried before one was found who was of the right size and trained in the right way. Then the four came to America and with them the manager made a lot of money, the major portion of which he kept. After a time the girls absorbed something of the American money making instinct as well as a keener sense of their square deal, and they "fired" their manager and started forth for themselves, later making a contract with the association of vaudeville managers.

During the six years they have been together not one of the four has missed a performance, and they have played in all the vaudeville theatres from coast to coast. They remained in Hammerstein's New York, for eleven weeks continuously. Each girl is a specialist in her own right. Jessie Perkins is a wooden shoe dancer. Annie Bauer has mastered the French toe dance. Dollie Garner knows and can execute all the Russian dances, and Ottilie Pink decorated months of study in the Spanish tambourine dances.

Representative Men.—President Roosevelt, Cardinal Gibbons and Mr. John Mitchell, these three master minds of American statesmanship, religion and labor, received a literally royal ovation from 200,000 miners and citizens in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., on August 10th. Each of this triumvirate in his own sphere forces such a commanding influence on the life, problems, and politics of our day, that it is quite natural that the admirable and comprehensive moving pictures of this notable event which were taken by Lyman H. Howe, should prove as popular as the subjects themselves. Mr. Howe's series include what is at once the most realistic and characteristic moving pictures ever secured, of President Roosevelt while approaching the platform from his carriage and delivering his speech on the beautiful river common, his meeting with Cardinal Gibbons, his visit to the monument erected in memory of the Wyoming Massacre, and his characteristic acceptance of bouquets from little children. The national prominence of America's most eminent prelate, and the great popularity in the world of labor of Mr. John Mitchell, further enhance the interest of a series, which in addition to many others of equal interest compose a program in which Mr. Howe surpasses all his previous achievements.

The famous Howe pictures will be seen at the Myers Grand on Saturday, Dec. 30, matinee and evening.



December 26, 1830—Seventy-five years ago today the independence of Belgium was acknowledged by the allied powers. Find another revolutionist.

SPECIAL HOMESSEKERS' EXCURSION

To Points in the South and South-East, December 19th, 1905.

Via the North-Western Line. Round trip excursion tickets will be sold at very low rates with favorable return limits. For further information and tickets apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

Very Low Rates to New Orleans, La., via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold on Dec. 20 to 28, inclusive, limited to return until Jan. 6, inclusive, on account of American Association for the Advancement of Science. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

War Office Humor.—An army officer dealing with machine guns, provided for certain volunteer corps, advises that where possible mules should be employed to draw them. "When a mule is not available, however," it goes on, "any intelligent non-commissioned officer will do instead."

Read the want ads.

HEALTHY PLANTS

Require the Most Careful Attention as Well as Good Soil.

Did you ever see a rasebush which, despite the most beneficent environment of soil of sunshine—and of atmosphere, seemed never to achieve a healthy growth.

A ton of manure will not help a plant that has a canker eating out its heart. You must destroy the cause before you can remove the effect.

You cannot cure Dandruff and Baldness by rubbing on hair lotions, and rubbing in vaseline, etc.

You must look to the cause of the trouble—it's a germ at the roots of your hair which causes it to fall out.

Newbro's Herpicide destroys the germ, and healthy hair is the sure result. Sold by leading druggists. Send for stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

DR. JAMES MILLS
Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat.
Specialist
Glasses Accurately Fitted.
Office—West Milwaukee St.
Both phones. JANESVILLE, WIS.

Read the Want Ads.

NEWS OF CHRISTMAS TIME IN EDGERTON

Special Services in the Churches—Many Persons Home to Spend the Season.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.] Edgerton, Dec. 25.—The Sunday morning services at the Congregational church took the form of Christmas program with special music by the choir. The Sunday gave the evening program at seven o'clock and Rev. L. A. Parr spoke on "The Lessons of Christmas."

The Methodists also held a Christmas service on Sunday morning and in the evening a sacred concert was given.

The German Lutherans held special services at 10:30 Sunday morning and in the evening had the annual Christmas tree.

Rev. Linnevald delivered a Christmas sermon at the Norwegian Lutheran church on Sunday morning. The regular Christmas tree will be held on Tuesday evening.

To Give a Card Party.—On Wednesday evening, Dec. 27, the ladies' society of St. Joseph's church will give a card party in T. A. B. hall.

Personal Paragraphs.—Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Rich of Chicago were Christmas guests of Mrs. Rich's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Hain.

Elmer Hain and Frank Hitchcock were down from the university during the Christmas recess.

Ada and Kate Sutton came up from Janesville to spend the day with their mother, Mrs. Fannie Sutton.

Della Burns came out from Milwaukee to eat her Christmas dinner with her sister, Mrs. James A. Jolce.

Jessie Stewart came up from Janesville for Sunday and Christmas with her mother, Mrs. J. P. Stewart.

P. J. Burns came down from Baraboo to spend the holidays with relatives here.

Donald Melnes of Watertown greeted old friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McGiffin of Janesville were Sunday guests of relatives here.

Grace Shandling of the high school faculty left Saturday to spend her vacation with her parents at Milton.

Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Jackson and children of Madison spent Christmas with Mrs. Jackson's father, L. K. Jessup.

Miss George Bowen came out from Chicago for Christmas and New Year's with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Z. H. Bowen.

Leora Mahbett came down from Madison to spend the week at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar L. Cotting of Chicago are with Mrs. Cotting's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Perry.

Mary Mawhinney came up from Geneseo, Ill., where she is teaching this year, to spend the holidays at home.

Christie Bowen came out from Chicago, where she is taking kindergarten work, to pass the holiday vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Bowen.

Geo. Atwood and family came down from Gays Mills to pass the holiday season with T. J. Atwood's.

The Misses Leora and Mabelle Vestlake were up from Janesville for Christmas at home.

John Culter came out from Pittsburg, Pa., to pass Christmas with local relatives.

H. H. Harvey and wife spent Christmas with Mrs. Harvey's people, Mr. and Mrs. T. Torpy of Footville.

Ellen Barbor is up from Whitewater normal to spend vacation at home.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Hopkins are down from Steuben for holiday season.

Roy Nicholson came out from Milwaukee to eat Christmas dinner at home.

Joe Conn and family spent Sunday and Christmas with Mr. Conn's parents at Albany.

A. B. Stout of Baraboo high school is spending his vacation with his mother, Mrs. Hattie Stout.

Mort. Carrier has returned from his visit to the eastern tobacco markets.

Dr. and Mrs. W. W. Morrison spent Christmas with Chicago relatives.

The Misses Rose and Alyce Morrissey of Janesville and Mary Morrissey of Racine spent the holiday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Morrissey.

J. Scott Miller of Delavan high school was a Christmas guest at the home of W. T. Pomeroy.

Mr. and Mrs. Wirt Wright are spending the holiday at Chicago and Libertyville.

Ward A. Stevens of Janesville was a local visitor Sunday.

Ervin Sayre, who has been on the gain of late, is reported to have been worse since Saturday.

Claude Stout is spending his holiday season in Milwaukee.

The McIntoshs of Edgerton all gathered at the parental home for a Christmas reunion. All but two members of the family were present, these being away from town.

DISLOCATES SHOULDER IN FRIENDLY BOXING MATCH.

Shopiere News—Moonlight Club Will Meet in Haggart's Hall January Second.

Shopiere, Dec. 26.—Carl Klingbell dislocated his shoulder a week ago while participating in a friendly boxing match.

The snow which was expected for Christmas failed to materialize.

The graded school closed on Friday last with very appropriate and interesting Christmas exercises.

The Moonlight club will meet at Haggart's hall on Tuesday evening, January 2. There will be an interesting program and a large attendance is expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Haggart, Jr., celebrated their fifth wedding anniversary on last Wednesday evening. Friends from Deloit and Chicago were present, as well as relatives living in the village.

Mrs. Kate Schnell and Miss Ula Shimeall of Grays Lake attended the Methodist church on Sunday.

Mrs. Nellie Wright received a beautiful watch and chain as a Christmas gift from her father, C. Cummings.

NONE SUCH MOST DELICIOUS PIES, FRUIT CAKES, PUDDINGS AND COOKIES.
IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES
MERRELL-SOULE CO.
SYRACUSE, NEW YORK
MINCE MEAT

FOR SALE!

GREAT BARGAIN FOR THE RIGHT MAN

A Fine, Large Stock and Dairy Farm in Webster County, Missouri,

150 miles south of St. Louis, where the winter season for feeding stock never exceeds eight weeks, and as a rule about six weeks is the limit of anything that would be called cold weather in Wisconsin. Climate and water could not be better. A great fruit and poultry country. In fact anything can be produced there that can be anywhere. Help is cheap and the average price per month for good men is from \$16 to \$18 per month with board, and \$1.00 to \$1.25 per day without board. The great



point in the argument is, you can get just as much for your produce there as you can here, at about two-thirds of the cost of same to produce, or less. Good churches and schools, also good society, and as a rule honest people.

This farm is located 8 miles from a good town on the Frisco R. R., between St. Louis and Springfield, Mo., and there is a store and postoffice about one mile from the farm. This property is owned by a man of 84 years of age, who wants to sell and move to town—the reason for selling. The farm consists of 600 acres; 400 in cultivation, 200 in pasture and timber. Two small spring creeks cross the land, making fine water for stock. The land is some rolling, but not hilly. The buildings are: one 6-room house with cellar and summer kitchen of stone 18x20; 4 tenant houses, 1 barn 60x70 for horses and mules, 1 new barn 114x60 with cement floors, stalls for 84 head of stock; stone granary and hen house 16x25; stone wood house 18x20; 1 pair of 4 ton scales. Personal property: 1 pair of mules worth \$400, 2 pair of horses worth \$500, 130 head of cattle—84 of these are fine milk cows—balance young stock of all kinds; 1 manure spreader, 2 cultivators—new, 2 wagons, 1 surrey, 1 disk harrow, 1 smoothing harrow, 1 6-horse power gasoline engine, 1 milk separator—capacity 850 lbs. per hour; 1 80-gallon churn with shafting, 2 mowers, 1 rake, 1 4-foot grindstone, 1 blacksmith forge and anvil, 1 Duplex corn and cob mill for feed grinding. All of the above personal property goes with farm at \$40 per acre, if sold soon, or you can buy the farm without stock and tools, at a price less the value of stock and tools.

I can also sell you smaller farms, of any size, if wanted. I have a nice 373 acre farm at \$22.50 per acre. Prices range on improved farms all the way from \$15 to \$60 per acre for small farms. About \$20 to \$30 buys a good place. Let me hear from you. Terms—one-half cash, balance time. Address

W. J. LITTS,

255 Center Avenue, - - JANESVILLE WIS.

Invest your Xmas Money

in
FURS...

For the week between Christmas and New Years we will offer everything in the Fur line—Coats, Scarfs, Neck Pieces, Muffs at prices very much below regular values.

This is a good opportunity to buy furs from a line that's all new and up to date at a material saving.

Simpson
DRY GOODS

If a Want Ad. cannot find the finder, then it's really lost.

Now is the time to have a Telephone installed in your home or office. Don't keep putting it off till tomorrow. Rates are reasonable. Ask local manager for rates.

Wisconsin Telephone Company

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Business Office Open Saturday
Evenings.



ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.

WEATHER FORECAST

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily Edition—By Carrier:

One Year \$8.00
Six Months \$5.00
Three Months \$2.50
Daily Edition—By Mail:

One Year \$4.00
Six Months \$2.50
Three Months \$1.25

CASH IN ADVANCE.

One Year \$4.00
Six Months \$2.50
Three Months \$1.25

Long Distance Telephone, No. 17.

Business Office \$7.75
Editorial Rooms \$7.75

"He that will have cake out of the wheat must tarry the grinding"; and that merchant who would have "net profits" out of store-keeping must keep the publicity-wheel turning until the last of the goods are "ground into dollars."

This is a period of high prices for everything excepting Russian imperial bonds.

Gov. LaFollette has succeeded in resigning, but it required a powerful effort.

Inherited wealth may be a handicap, but no man is afraid to risk it himself.

Wise people in St. Petersburg are laying in a supply of canned goods and breakfast foods.

New York has made a good beginning in convicting a lawyer who presented doctored evidence to the court.

Now it is said that all the czar's reforms came too late. The trouble with most of them is that they never came at all.

Banking laws should be observed particularly by the rich, because the poor, for obvious reasons, cannot observe them.

Mississippi has adopted capital punishment for burglars, but doubtless lynchings will continue to get off as easily as before.

Philadelphia's new subway is for the general public and should not be confounded with its extensive political underground system.

If the civil service commission is not to perform its duties on civil service principles that body might as well go out of existence.

Some of Dr. Osler's published expressions seem calculated to bear out his theory that a man over 40 is lacking in intellectual power.

A sent on the New York stock exchange brought \$90,000. A chair of that sort might have been an acceptable Christmas present for papa.

Some members of the senate have taken up the task of clearing its reputation, thus refuting the charge that senators are afraid of hard work.

Depew and Platt are taking no part in the New York speakership contest, not feeling sufficiently hostile to any one candidate to support him.

Minority Leader Williams has only 137 members to lead, but as no two of them want to be led in the same direction the problem has its difficulties.

China would do well to call off that anti-foreign demonstration if it does not want to spend most of its time in the next few years paying indemnities.

NOT A GOOD YEAR FOR BOSSES.

The action of Governor Higgins of New York in presenting James W. Wadsworth as candidate for speaker of the assembly will compel ex-Gov. Odell to fight for possession of power as chairman of the New York Republican state committee. It appears that President Roosevelt and Gov. Higgins are determined upon a reorganization of the republican party in this state, and the Wadsworth candidacy is a necessary step in that direction. Odell was one of the few bosses who came out of the recent election in this country without serious impairment of power. It would be in line with the awakening spirit of the time if Mr. Odell should now be forced out. This is not a good year for bosses.

LYNCHERS AND FEDERAL LAW.

The decision just handed down by the United States supreme court in the Higgins case turned out on a technicality, and so does not pass upon the general principle involved in the plan for suppressing lynching proposed by United States District Judge Thomas G. Jones, of Alabama. Nevertheless, in dismissing the writ of habeas corpus and remanding the case of Higgins to the court in Alabama for trial of the indictment against him, the Supreme Court offers at least some encouragement to those who hope to see the Fourteenth Amendment give some effective protection to the rights of citizens from mobs which state governments can not or will not suppress. Higgins was indicted by a United

States grand jury in Alabama on the charge of conspiring to lynch a negro named Maples at Huntsville in September, 1904. He sued out a writ of habeas corpus in the Circuit Court, alleging that even if the offense charged had been committed it was "no denial to Maples, a person of African descent, by reason of his race, of the right, privilege and immunity of a trial by jury to determine his guilt or innocence of the charge of murder." The writ was refused by the circuit court, and now on the appeal the right to it is denied by the supreme court. From the allegation of the writ it is apparent that Higgins bases his defense on the difficulty, if not the impossibility, of showing that the attempted lynching was influenced by the fact of Maples' race. He would argue that under similar circumstances equal violence would have been shown to a white man, and that therefore the federal courts have no jurisdiction under the clause of the Fourteenth Amendment guaranteeing to negroes "the equal protection of the laws." Federal jurisdiction over attempts at lynching does not, however, according to Judge Jones depend upon that clause. The "equal protection" for which the United States stands sponsor is equal protection by the state, not by the individual. It may not be invaded by state law, but the disorder of individuals against individuals does not concern the federal government. It commands that the states shall make equal laws and enforce them fairly, not that some person shall not break them. If it went to the latter point it would have the general enforcement of local criminal law upon its hands. The doctrine of Judge Jones takes its start from another provision of the Fourteenth Amendment, that forbidding any state to "deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law." He holds that when a person is arrested on a charge of crime it becomes a federal charge to the extent that he is entitled to trial, and, if convicted, punishment only by "due process," and that any person attempting, as by lynching, to interfere with that "due process" is guilty of crime against the United States.

The requirement of "due process," like that for the "equal protection of the laws" is a command laid upon the state. It is forbidden in its corporate capacity to violate either, and it may be argued that the interference with "due process" by an individual, so long as that interference is not sanctioned by the state, no more gives the United States jurisdiction than does a personal invasion of equal rights. Judge Jones, however, holds that such interference is a violation of the Revised Statutes, which punish a conspiracy to injure any person in "the exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him by the constitution or laws of the United States." That "due process" is one of these rights, and while the state is primarily forbidden by legislation to invade it, when the state has undertaken to administer it the attempt of an individual to interfere with that course is an offense against the federal as well as the state government. The United States often punishes persons who in violating a state law also violate a federal law. This is the doctrine of Judge Jones, the validity of which is still open to test.

THE SPEAKER.
The Speaker of the House of Representatives possesses a power which was never contemplated by the Constitution. This power has been accumulated by a process of evolution through many years. The Speaker has become the autocrat of the House of Representatives, and his control of legislation is so great that it is within bounds to say that with the exception of the President, the Speaker of the House is the most powerful official in the government. Speaker Cannon possesses a strong personality, and he is disposed to assert the power of the House, and his power over the House to the fullest possible limit. This fact is of importance in view of the attitude which Speaker Cannon takes toward some of the administration measures. He did, indeed, facilitate the passage of a railway bill in the last Congress and it is to be presumed that he will be equally friendly to this administration measure in this congress, provided there is a prospect of favorable action by the senate. But while the Speaker has thus far acted with the administration in regard to this matter, he has been determined in his opposition to some other measures in which the President has been more or less interested. It is the Speaker and the Senate, however, who are most in opposition. The former will not permit the Senate to dominate the House.

FUTURE EVENTS

Musical fantasy, "The Land of Nod," at Myers theatre Wednesday evening, Dec. 27.

Revival of the spectacle, "The Black Crook," at Myers theatre Friday evening, Dec. 29.

Smallpox at Lexington.

Lexington, Ill., Dec. 26.—Lexington has been placed under quarantine regulations by the state health department because of the discovery of four cases of smallpox.

Presents for Employees.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 26.—The Westinghouse Air Brake Company has presented each salaried employe at Pittsburg with a month's extra pay for a Christmas present.

Murderer is Insane.

Digby, N. S., Dec. 26.—Hope Young, convicted of the murder of May Ward, one of two children abandoned to starve in the woods, is violently insane.

Buy It in Janesville.

MRS. A. P. LOVEJOY WAS THE HOSTESS

At a Very Enjoyable Dancing Party Given for the Misses Murphy Saturday Evening.

Nearly fifty couples were present at the very enjoyable dancing party given by Mrs. A. P. Lovejoy in honor of her guests, the Misses Murphy of New Haven, Conn., at Central hall Saturday evening. The ballroom had been made attractive with holly and other Christmas decorations and at a booth near the doorway traps and wafers were served throughout the evening. After the reception which commenced at 7:30 o'clock Knott & Hatch's orchestra commenced a program of dance numbers which ended just before midnight. Among the visitors from without the city were: Harry and Starr Atwood of Minneapolis, Morton Bushnell and Fred Jeffris of Chicago, Gilbert Smith of Beloit, and Frank McNamara of Hayward.

CHRISTMAS DINNERS FOR CITY'S NEEDY

Baskets Given Out by Congregational Young People and from Mary Kimball Mission.

Some four hundred persons, probably, were furnished with Christmas dinners through the charity of the Young People's Christian Endeavor society of the Congregational church and City Missionary Mary Kimball. The Congregational young people sent out more than a dozen baskets Saturday and each one went to a family, ranging in number of members from ten to two. These baskets combined fowl, vegetables, pie, cake, popcorn and fruits. Toys were also sent to all children. Up till one o'clock today eight baskets had been sent out from the Mary Kimball mission. These went to families numbering from eleven down, and Miss Kimball said that before tonight she expected to have sent out twenty-five or thirty baskets. The largest number were sent yesterday at noon to the mission. One hundred and fifty sat down to a hearty dinner prepared by Miss Kimball, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Kimball and several assistants. The feast was a most excellent one and it would have been harder to find a happier or merrier Christmas party than the crowd which partook of this repast. Miss Kimball extends thanks to all those who assisted her in furnishing the table. Numerous presents were sent out from the mission this year and on Saturday alone 175 garments were given out.

WILLIAM H. HALL CALLED BY DEATH

Well Known Harness Maker Passed Away of Heart Trouble at Three This Afternoon.

After an illness of more than a year's duration, William H. Hall, a resident of Janesville for the past twenty-two years and one of the best known business men in southern Wisconsin, died this afternoon at three o'clock of heart trouble at his home, 12 Million avenue. The deceased was forty-eight years of age and was proprietor of the harness shop at 29 South Main street. There are left to mourn his demise, a mother, three children, three brothers and a sister. The children are Frances, Ellen and Robert and the brothers are Edward and Mrs. May Little of Elmore, Minn., Fred Hall of Evansville and Robert Hall of Minneapolis. Announcement of the funeral will be made later.

J. W. Dean

The funeral of the late J. W. Dean, who died on December 19th at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Gardner, at Fullerton, California, will be held tomorrow noon from the residence of his son, W. A. Dean, on Highland street. Reverend Denison will officiate at the services at the house and at the services at the grave at the Emerald Grove cemetery. Rev. Davidson will officiate. Mr. Dean left Wisconsin some twenty years ago and went to California. He leaves to mourn his loss four sons, W. A. Dean of Janesville, C. C. Dean of Iowa, E. W. Dean of Fullerton and James S. Dean of Redlands, Cal.; two daughters, Mrs. Gardner of Fullerton and Miss Susie of this city.

George Ferris

The remains of Geo. C. Ferris arrived this morning at 10:15 from Los Angeles, Calif., where he died suddenly on the 18th. The remains were taken in charge by Frank Kimball and taken to Mrs. Geo. B. Osgood's home at No. 5 Wisconsin street, where the funeral services will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in Oak Hill cemetery.

Nathan P. Ainsworth

Nathan P. Ainsworth passed away this morning at one o'clock at his home on Washington street after an illness which confined him to his bed during the last three months and dates back several years. He was born in Massachusetts, May 21, 1843, and moved westward at an early age. Though still young, he enlisted in a cavalry troop that saw service in the war of the rebellion. During his two years' service he was on duty in a hospital and was discharged on account of ill health. In 1866 he was united in marriage with Miss Orrie Bussey in the town of Jefferson, Green county. Seven children, of whom all but one survive, were born to them. They are: Mrs. Mary E. Lonsberry of Michigan, deceased; Mrs. Eva Abara of Beloit; Nelson Ainsworth of this city; Mrs. Edna Sharp of Harvey, Ill.; Earl Ainsworth of Beloit; Edson Ainsworth of Elgin, Ill.; and Lilla Ainsworth of Beloit. Mr. Ainsworth also leaves a wife and a sister—Mrs. Joseph Bradley of Janesville. About seventeen years ago Mr. and Mrs. Ainsworth and his family moved to Janesville and have

since been residents of the city. He was engaged in the business of cutting wood, clearing timber from land and selling to the retail dealers. The funeral will be held from the residence Thursday afternoon at two o'clock and services are to be private.

JURY WENT HOME FOR GOOD TODAY

Last of the Cases Which The Members Were to Try Were Disposed of This Afternoon.

Today the jury which has been trying actions in circuit court was dismissed for the term, the cases which they were to try having all been disposed of. The last case to be tried was the Transville condemnation proceeding—action No. 34 on the calendar—for which a jury was impaneled and testimony taken this afternoon on account of the minor interested. Judge Stevens was here today and took up with the attorneys interested the Rock County Telephone Co. condemnation proceedings here. The case was set as the first to be tried during the February term.

CHRISTMAS NIGHT COUNCIL MEETING

Lasted But a Few Moments and Only Alderman Merritt and City Clerk Were Present—Session Tonight.

The regular meeting of the city council convened last evening, Alderman W. H. Merritt and City Clerk Badger present. After a brief discussion the session was adjourned until 7:30 tonight when it is hoped that Mayor Hutchinson and some of the other aldermen will be present. Shortly after adjournment had been taken Aldermen Murray and Brockhaus appeared upon the scene, but made no objection to the action that had been taken by their colleagues and the city officer. The regular business will be transacted this evening.

VERY OLD RESIDENTS GO TO CALIFORNIA

Mr. and Mrs. Jude H. Balch Remove to California to Live.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Balch, for over fifty years residents of Rock county, have gone to California to make their future home with their son, Carl Balch, who is a division superintendent of one of the big transcontinental railroads. Mr. Balch at one time was bookkeeper in the Gazette office and later was in the register of deeds' office. He later ran an abstract office and for the past twenty years has been bookkeeper in the Rock County National Bank. They will make their home in Los Angeles.

Miss Emma Koehn of Schaffsville, Ill., is spending the holidays with her sister, Miss Freda Koehn.

Attracted By Fire.

Fire will frighten almost any creature, but it has no terror for the species of ant known as the "drifter," which will make a dash at a glowing coal, fix its jaws in the burning mass, and shrivel up in the heat.

Love-Making Must Be Private.

Kisses given in public are actionable by law in Russia. A kiss in the open street is penalized with \$4, while a kiss in a tram car is under a fine of \$24. Declarations of love on a post card make the sender liable to a fine of \$2.

CHICAGO MARKETS

HAMMOND ELEVATOR CO.
From J. M. Gibson, Broker, 204 Jackson Block, Janesville.
Live Stock Market
Chicago, December 25, 1905.

	Dec.	High.	Low.	Close
Wheat	87 1/4	87 1/2	87 1/4	87 1/2
Sept.	85 1/4	85 1/2	85 1/4	85 1/2
July	83 1/4	83 1/2	83 1/4	83 1/2
Dec.	41 1/4	41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/2
Sept.	41 1/4	41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/2
July	41 1/4	41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/2
Dec.	30 1/4	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/2
Sept.	30 1/4	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/2
July	30 1/4	30 1/2	30 1/4	30 1/2
Dec.	13 1/2	13 3/4	13 1/2	13 3/4
Sept.	13 1/2	13 3/4	13 1/2	13 3/4
July	13 1/2	13 3/4	13 1/2	13 3/4
Dec.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 3/4
Sept.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 3/4
July	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 3/4
Dec.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 3/4
Sept.	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 3/4
July	7 1/2	7 3/4	7 1/2	7 3/4

CHICAGO CASH LOT RECEIPTS

To Day, Contain. Sat. Tomorrow.
Wheat 100 000 100 000 100 000
Corn 100 000 100 000 100 000
Oats 100 000 100 000 100 000
Rye 100 000 100 000 100 000
Barley 100 000 100 000 100 000
Clover 100 000 100 000 100 000
Hay 100 000 100 000 100 000
Stocks 100 000 100 000 100 000
Bonds 100 000 100 000 100 000
Total 100 000 100 000 100 000

NOR TH-WEST RECEIPTS (Wheat)

Today Last Week Year Ago
Minneapolis 100 000 100 000 100 000
Duluth 100 000 100 000 100 000
Chicago 100 000 100 000 100 000

RECEIPTS TODAY

Cattle Steep
Chicago 100 000 100 000 100 000
Kansas City 100 000 100 000 100 000
Omaha 100 000 100 000 100 000
St. Louis 100 000 100 000 100 000
Total 100 000 100 000 100 000

RECEIPTS TODAY

Cattle Steep
Chicago 100 000 100 000 100 000
Kansas City 100 000 100 000 100 000
Omaha 100 000 100 000 100 000
St. Louis 100 000 100 000 100 000
Total 100 000 100 000 100 000

RECEIPTS TODAY

Cattle Steep
Chicago 100 000 100 000 100 000
Kansas City 100 000 100 000 100 000
Omaha 100 000 100 000 100 000
St. Louis 100 000 100 000 100 000
Total 100 000 100 000 100 000

RECEIPTS TODAY

Cattle Steep
Chicago 100 000 100 000 100 000
Kansas City 100 000 100 000 100 000
Omaha 100 000 100 000 100 000
St. Louis 100 000 100 000 100 000
Total 100 000 100 000 100 000

GRAFTING.
Of two grafts choose both.
Every grafter has his prey.
All is not graft that glitters.
No grafter like an old grafter.
He grafts best who grafts fast.
One good graft serves for another.
Graft lovers laugh at reform bolts.
A guilty grafter needs no accuser.
A rolling grafter gathers the moss.
No grafter can serve two masters.
It's a long graft that has no adjournment.
Graft is the mother of circumvention.
Graft is the mother of circumvention.
The game of graft was not built in a day.
Never graft your candle at both ends.
Grafters of a feather graft together.

Never look a graft horse in the mouth.
It's a wise grafter than knows his own graft.
Where there is a graft there is always a way.
When grafters fall out, honest men get their dues.
A graft on the plum tree is worth two in the bush.
As you make your graft so you must lie about it.
People living in graft houses should never throw stones.
Heaven help the grafters; the others can pay taxes.
Grafting makes a man acquainted with half-fellows well met.
Some men are born grafters, others achieve grafting, and many have graft thrust upon them.
Christian Science for Horse.
A teamster in Oakland, Cal., arrested for driving a lame horse, said his employer was trying to cure the horse by Christian Science, and had made him take off a poultice from the horse's leg.

A SILK PETTICOAT

is an almost indispensable garment in a woman's wardrobe and is a favored gift. We have just received 300 sample petticoats and offer them at special prices for the holiday trade. Prices range from \$3 to \$15 with special values at \$2.75, \$4.50, \$5 and \$6.

HANDY 'RCHIEFS

A large showing here at every price from 25c to \$1.50; especially good values at 25c and 50c.

FURS

We are showing the representative line and for this week offer special figures on muffs, neck pieces, scarfs and children's sets—all prices from 75c up.

THE MILLINERY DEP'T

announces special cut prices all through the stock. Special: 25c, 50c and 80c fancy ribbons, 15c, \$1 ostrich plumes at \$2; \$3 plumes at \$1.50; \$2 plumes at \$1.

Appreciated would be any of the following Items

They are practical and useful. Umbrellas, black and colored, fancy border, \$1.25; hand bags, 50c, 80c and \$1; large gingham aprons with sleeves, 60c; white aprons, 25c, 35c and 50c; flannelette dressing gowns, 50c and 80c; ebonoid novelties at one-half price; outing gowns, 25c, 35c and 50c; stock collars, 25c and 50c; silk-lined cashmere gloves, 50c; kid gloves, \$1; sample bed blankets at cost; men's night gowns at sample prices.

Anchie Reid & Co.
100 GOODS, CLOTH, MILLINERY

CANDY

Johnson's Blue Ribbon Chocolates and Swiss Milk Chocolates, —IN— Four pound, three pound, two pound and one pound fancy boxes.

McCUE & BUSS,

The Druggists.
Two Stores—14 S. Main and 151 W. Milwaukee.

Fresh From the Factory

Fine Allegretti Chocolates, original, fresh from the factory.

Cream Patties, and Shurtlett's Ice Cream.

ALLIE RAZOOK'S

30 S. Main St. 2 E. Milwaukee. Both Stores.

Work Coats.

Our stock of duck coats is still quite complete. In men's work coats we have the duck coats at \$1, \$1.50 and \$2 each. The \$1.50 and \$2 grades are interlined with slicker. Men's sheepskin-lined coats at \$3.50 and \$4 each. Boys' duck coats at \$1, \$1.40 and \$1.50 each. In men's, women's, or children's underwear we have superior grades at interesting prices.

MRS. E. HALL,
55 W. Milwaukee Street.

WARNING!

SEATS SELLING FAST

LAND OF NOD

TOMORROW NIGHT

The biggest and most expensive Musical Extravaganza ever taken on tour, direct from five solid months in Chicago, with the entire superb cast positively guaranteed.

WILLIAM NORRIS

100 Others 100 --- Principally Girls

The unusually large number of mail orders received from out of town and interest manifested leads the management to expect a crowded house.

WEDNESDAY BARGAINS

Stocking Caps for Boys and Girls

All sizes, all kinds, at Big Cuts in Price

All 25c and 35c Stocking Caps at.....19c
All 50c and 75c Stocking Caps at.....39c

Children's Outing Flannel Night Gowns

Reduced Price now, on all sizes, choice.....39c
Women's 98c Outing Flan. Night Robes at...75c

Women's Neck Furs

AT BIG CUTS IN PRICE

\$2.50 Long Black Scarf at.....\$1.95
\$2.98 Misses' Flat Neck Scarf at.....2.35
\$5.00 Ladies' Russian Squirrel Flat Scarf.....3.85
\$5.75 Ladies' Flat Neck Fur.....4.40
\$7.75 Ladies' Neck Fur.....5.75
\$10.00 Blue Wolf Scarf.....7.90
\$13.50 Black Marten Scarf, half lined with Russian Squirrel, at.....9.50

Only About 20 Boxes Fine Stationery Left

Here are the prices to move them:

65c Box Papers at.....49c
50c Box Papers at.....35c
Two Novelty Dollar Boxes, each.....50c
\$1.00 Holly Boxes at.....69c
\$1.50 Novelty Box at.....98c

All of above are extra quality of paper and boxes—something very fine.

Fit your feet with Good Rubbers Here.

If you want some of that Japanese China at 25 Per Cent Discount before we return it, better hurry in.

The LOWELL DEPARTMENT STORE

Gazette wants reach 10,000 people.

Well Recommended!

One of our Janesville citizens recently, in a conversation, said: "Dr. Richards, I am more than pleased with the dental work you did for me over four years ago, when you had your office in the Hayes block."

"I send everybody to whom I hear speaking about having dental work done."

This reveals the principle that underlies the dental practice that Dr. Richards is conducting. That of doing such GOOD WORK that every patient is a pleased patient, as the years go by, and he sees how the work holds out.

Another foundation principle that is winning business for him is that of being MODERATE in price.

People rally to a reasonable remuneration; not "something for nothing" or "too much for anything."

A moderate reasonable fee to all. Dr. Richards also, first and last, is DETERMINED TO PLEASE you if it takes all summer and if you appreciate such efforts in a man you will be pleased if you select him to do your work.

Office over Hall & Sayles' Jewelry Store, West Milwaukee Street, Janesville.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING.

Clean Work at Reasonable Prices.

F. E. WILLIAMS
Jeweler and Optician.
GRAND HOTEL BLDG.

Cleaners & Dyers

Suits and Overcoats
Cleaned and Pressed.
Made as good as new.

Janesville Steam Dye House
Carl F. Brockhaus, Prop.
59 East Milwaukee St.

Your Christmas Money

invested in something lasting will always be a pleasant reminder of the giver. Jewelry, Cut Glass, Diamond, Watch, Umbrella, Glasses, Silverware, Clock—any number of good suggestions from this stock. Do it now, while the matter is fresh in your mind.

F. C. COOK & CO.

BOWLING!

It's fine exercise and good sport. Try it.

Leffingwell's Bowling Alley

RINK NIGHTS

Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, and every afternoon.

CORYDON G. DWIGHT, M. D.

207 Jackson Bldg.
Practice limited to

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Consultation from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5
and by Appointment.

Telephone 880.

Picture Sale

Now on at

J. H. MYERS

How is your Watch

Running?

We keep up our repairing

during the Holiday

Season.

4 WATCH MAKERS

2 ENGRAVERS

1 JOBBER

1 OPTICIAN

Bring us your work and we

will do it well.

HALL & SAYLES

FESTIVITIES OF ANCIENT LINEAGE

CHRISTMAS CELEBRATIONS ARE OF PRE CHRISTIAN ERA.

AN OLD BIT OF HISTORY

Where Different Customs Originated and How They Have Been Handed Down to Us.

Long before the star in the east led the wise men to the birthplace of Jesus, December festivals where whole nations joined in the expressing of great joy, were held over the known world. The festival was celebrated at the time of the winter solstice, that period when the sun begins its backward journey, the days lengthen and the year moves on toward summer, says Belle Blend, the Milwaukee Sentinel. The equinox the Milwaukee Sentinel. The equinox was looked upon as a favorable omen of the gods, and was celebrated with the wild orgies of the heathen dance, feasting and various rites and ceremonies peculiar to the different religions. When the early fathers of the church went out to tell the pagan nations the story of Jesus, they did not instruct them to abolish their feast and joyful demonstrations. With a deep knowledge of human nature, these wise missionaries modified the customs, introduced others more attractive, and moving the date of the equinoctial feast a few days further on, they renamed it Christmas in honor of Christ; as a new branch is grafted on an old bough and the ancient blood coursing through it gives it life and permanence.

The festivities, games, and observances of the modern Christmas come to the present generation a rich heritage, a beautiful embodiment of the modified forms of the religious customs used in celebrating an event in which nations of men expressed their gratitude to the beneficent Being high above them, whom they worshipped with reverence and fear.

The Romans dedicated the day to Bacchus, the god of wine calling it the feast of Saturn. It was a universal holiday and all of imperial Rome laid aside its great dignity and held high revel. For the brief period of twenty-four hours the slaves were given their liberty. They could speak and act like men. Gifts were freely exchanged between friends, donations made to the public beneficiaries, debts forgiven, and sacrifices offered in the temples. Homes, public halls, and places of worship were elaborately decorated with flowers, boughs, and branches. Friends enjoyed each other's hospitality. Large numbers would gather around the festive board to partake of those wonderful banquets the Romans indulged in, where cookery was reduced to science and elaborated into art.

The principal dish was a wild beast's head. It was brought in with great ceremony after the guests were seated, and placed before the host. After the various forms of etiquette had been observed the feast began and the guests usually did full justice to the feast of the god of wine.

Across the English channel, the Britons greeted the sun at its solstice. On their altars in the forest, before the sacred oak, they offered human sacrifices. After the gruesome ceremony the people repaired to their homes to dance, feast and be merry. The mistletoe, which grows on the sacred oak, was given to the heads of each family. He placed it over the doorway of his hut as a charm to keep away the evil spirits. In English homes the mistletoe still casts its magic spells. On Christmas eve it is placed over the doorway of the hall, but instead of acting as a charm to keep away mischievous spirits it lures the innocent toward its entwining branches, where a naughty spirit lurks, a highway robber of most unscrupulous intent.

In the northern countries the mistletoe was sacred to the goddess of love, and it was supposed to have the power of bringing the loving hearts together. The Saxons conquered England and they amalgamated some of their festivities with those of the subjugated people. The burning of the Yule log on Christmas eve was a modification of their custom of building huge bonfires in honor of their god Thor, at the feast of Jutul. One of the events of the year in feudal England was the carrying of the Yule log to the baron's hall. With great rejoicing and carol singing a huge root of a tree was dragged to the palace and put in the fireplace. As the flames ascended the guests made merry around the wassail bowl, drinking, singing, and dancing, giving vent to their feeling in one mad, wild burst of revelry.

The modern Christmas tree that makes the holiday so attractive to young and old alike is, also, the remnant of an old custom of the stalwart vikings, who celebrated the winter solstice at the feast of Jutul. On the sacred ash tree they hung meat, fruit, ornaments and clothing with small images of their god. It was an offering of gratitude to the god Thor who had been so beneficent that he had started on its backward journey, and promised a return of summer. The Scandinavian custom was modified by the Germans and comes to the English directly from the Rhine. During the medieval period of so much display, grandeur, and pageantry, this custom was elaborated and amplified into the brilliant spectacle which delights the eyes and hearts of the children of this century. The first Christmas tree in the United States was lighted in a little Pennsylvania household 100 years ago, where a small colony of German settlers initiated this beautiful custom of the Fatherland into American homes.

Decorations of the homes and churches is another of the assimilated customs of paganism. The holy, however, is distinctly the child of Christianity. The fathers of the church called it the holy tree, or the holly, because it bears its fruit in December, a gratuitous offering to the giver of all things. The holly is one of the most welcome guests of the holidays. It is identified with Christmas as the roses are with June,

the golden rod with September, and the brilliant leaves with autumn. Delightful old Santa Claus, who fills the stockings hung up on Christmas eve, is also of Christian ancestry. Long ago in northern Germany it was the custom to give gifts to all the good children of the village. One of the principal men of the town would mask and go to the homes of the children after they had gone to sleep and leave the gifts on the steps. The active childish imaginations wrought out wonderful and fantastic ideas regarding the mysterious person, until they solved the problem of Santa Claus of his toy and candy factory in the far north, his wonderful reindeer and marvelous powers of insight.

The exchange of gifts, the carol singing, and the serving of the board's head at the Christmas dinner were among the customs the missionaries assimilated with the changed conditions of the feast day on Christmas morning, the poor gathered around the church doors and boxes containing clothing and food were given in them; thus the custom took root and flourished. The singing of the carol in praise to God, took the place of the rude hootings and shoutings to the heathen deities. The serving of the board's head still prevalent in some parts of England was most popular during the reign of Elizabeth. Since then it has gradually been usurped by the more elegant fowl.

The Christmas pie has been a necessary feature to every Christmas dinner from that time when the gentle missionaries used symbols to teach the simple folk the religion of Jesus. The pie that graced the table of the early Christmas was a triumph of gastronomic skill. It was moulded in the form of a manger with bars of crust across the top and consisted of pheasant, hare, rabbit all boned and pressed, a calf's liver, two mutton kidneys, eggs, spices, and fruit. It was baked in a large brick oven and served with a rich gravy. When the severe Puritans put away the vanities of earth, in scornful derision they called this pie, mince, and would have none of it. Although the recipe of our own mince-pie differs somewhat in degree to the manger-pies of long ago, there is no question about its lineage.

LATE LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF

The B. of L. F. dance at Assembly hall New Year's night.
America Rebekah Social and Beneficial club meets in regular session at East Side Odd Fellows' hall Wednesday afternoon. Eliza Warren, Pres.
The B. of L. F. dance at Assembly hall New Year's night.

The winners of the T. P. Burns guessing contest were Louise Tuckwood, Fifth avenue, and Willie Korst, Clark street. The name of the doll was Blanche and the horse, Dexter.

CHRISTMAS ENTERTAINMENT FOR CHILDREN AT THE MARY KIMBALL MISSION TONIGHT

Recitations, Singing, Music, and Exhibition of Stereopticon Views.

There will be an entertainment at the Mary Kimball mission, this evening, consisting of recitations, singing and music. H. E. Kimball will give an exhibition of stereopticon views especially for the children to which all are invited. Mrs. H. E. Kimball will preside at the organ, and a good time is expected. Each one present will receive a Christmas gift. Gospel meeting tomorrow evening. A sermon will be given by H. E. Kimball. Everybody is invited to all these services.

CURRENT ITEMS

Adjourned Meeting: The local camp of the Modern Woodmen met last evening at their hall and adjourned until Friday evening of this week.
Bad Runaway: William Ward, a veteran drayman, had a severe run-away and narrow escape near the Hanson furniture factory and ran down Hickory street at a furious rate. They stopped near the intersection of Hickory and Walker streets after losing part of the wagon and injuring Mr. Ward's hand.

Big Advance Sale: The advance sale of seats for "The Land of Nod" is by far the largest in the history of the Myers Grand. The large number of mail orders received from out of town leads the management to believe every seat will be sold long before the curtain rises. This is positively guaranteed to be the original company that recently played a record-breaking engagement of twenty-one consecutive weeks in Chicago, with the entire great east, including William Morris, Knox Wilson, and Alice Dorry, the famous madcaps and an ensemble of one hundred people, together with the entire colossal scenic production intact. There is not an instance on record where this company has not played to crowded houses.

O. E. S.: A regular meeting of Janesville Chapter No. 69, O. E. S., will be held in the new Masonic hall tomorrow (Wednesday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock, after which the installation of officers for the coming year and the Christmas entertainment will take place in the Sunday school room of Court Street church about 8 o'clock, to which Masons and their families are invited. Each person attending is expected to bring a gift, not exceeding 10c. The Sunday school room (opening on Court street) will be open after 2 o'clock p. m., so that anyone desiring to leave their package before evening can do so. M. Chittenden, Sec.

One Christmas Drunk: Although nine lodgers and six drunks accumulated in the lock-up over Sunday, only one arrest was made yesterday. August Dalke was the man and he was given five days in jail and a fine of \$5 and costs with the alternative of six additional days, in municipal court this morning.

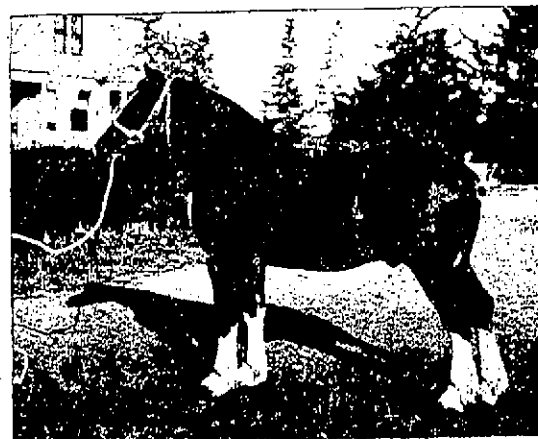
LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT
Janesville City Lodge No. 90, I. O. O. F., at West Side Odd Fellows' hall.
Women's Catholic Order of Foresters at Foresters' hall.
Janesville Garrison No. 19, Knights of the Globe, at East Side Odd Fellows' hall.

Gazette wants reach 10,000 people.

M'LAY BROTHERS WON PRIZES AT EXHIBIT

Took First, Second, and Third in the Aged Mare Class—Sixteen Exhibits.

Out of sixteen Clydesdales exhibited at the great International show just closed in Chicago, the M'LAY Brothers carried off thirteen prizes. They secured one champion prize and the other went to Canada. They won more prizes than any competitor at the exhibit and aside from this, J. D. M'LAY was unanimously chosen president of the American Clydesdale Association. They arrived home yesterday with their string. In speaking of the exhibit of the three mares exhibited in the aged mare class, in



which they secured first, second and third premiums, Dean W. L. Carlisle of the Colorado agricultural college said they were the best three mares he ever saw and that the champion was the best mare or horse ever exhibited at an Chicago International show.

The cut printed is one of the prize winners which secured fourth place in the class he was entered in.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wall entertained twenty-three at a Christmas dinner.

Miss Snyder of Rockford is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Minnie Steed is the guest of Chicago friends.

Mrs. Walter King has returned to her home in Minneapolis after a short visit in Janesville with relatives.

Miss Ethel Fildes is home from Milwaukee for the Christmas holidays.

Stowe Lovejoy is home for the Christmas vacation from Yale university.

Frank McNamara is the guest of his parents Mr. and Mrs. H. W. McNamara. Mr. McNamara is practicing law at Hayward, Wisconsin.

Dr. and Mrs. Twin Wiggin of Chicago are here for the Christmas holidays.

Miss Leah J. Hallie, now residing in Chicago, spent Christmas with friends in the city.

W. A. Jackson spent Christmas in Janesville, returning to Milwaukee this morning.

Edward Stevens of Chicago was the guest of his parents Major and Mrs. F. E. Stevens for the Christmas holidays, returning to Chicago today.

Fred Jeffris was up from Chicago for Christmas.

John Galbraith spent Sunday in the city, returning to Chicago this morning.

Curtis Carpenter spent two days in Janesville, returning to Chicago this morning.

Mr. William Layton, wife and child of Chicago, spent Christmas with his mother and sister Mrs. and Miss Layton, at their home 12 Milton avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Cannon and family are spending the Christmas holidays at Delavan.

H. H. McKinner of Oconto, is in the city for a few days.

Miss Margaret Goodwin and Miss Julia Lovejoy are home from Griton Hall, Winnetka, Ill., for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Peters spent Sunday in Milwaukee.

Ed. Smith of Evansville is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Davidson of Chicago were the guests of Mrs. Davidson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carlson Christmas day.

Mrs. John Satrom is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. D. Pearce on Racine street. Mrs. Satrom lives in Colgate, N. D.

Miss Ella Bailey, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Palmer for several weeks, has returned to her home in Minneapolis.

Mrs. C. B. Curtis and son of Fort Atkinson, and Mrs. H. R. Newell of Des Moines, Iowa, spent Christmas with their brother, F. F. Sanborn, Riverview park.

Mr. George Allen of Columbus, Ohio, is visiting relatives in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Allen and family of Oskosh are in the city visiting relatives.

Lawrence Doty was up from Chicago to spend Christmas.

Herbert Phillips of Chicago spent Christmas in Janesville.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ingersoll of Beloit announce the arrival of a daughter born on Christmas Day.

Mr. T. A. Kitteridge came up to spend Christmas with his wife and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Warren. Mr. Kitteridge is now situated at Vandallia, Illinois, where he is laying out a rural route.

Miss J. H. Barker of Farmington and Mrs. W. H. Ehle of Beloit spent Christmas day the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reeder on Magnolia avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Kenyon spent Christmas at Clinton.

T. O. Humphrey was called to Sharon Sunday evening by the serious illness of his brother, Emory Humphrey. Mr. Humphrey returned last evening, his brother being much improved.

Charles H. Hemingway spent Christmas in Hanover.

The Misses Ada and Kate Sutton were the guests of their mother in Edgerton yesterday.

Walter Flaherty, who was home over Christmas, returned to Chicago this morning.

Harold Myers and John Roberty arrived home from the University Saturday evening.

W. Redmond, formerly of Janesville, but now of Racine, returned home last evening after a two days' visit with old friends here.

Miss Mary Hickey of Milwaukee was here over Christmas.

Arthur Farley is home from Chicago for a few days.

Ward Stevens was an Edgerton visitor Sunday.

W. H. Eccles, formerly superintendent of the Silica Brick & Stone company's plant here, but now a traveling salesman out of Chicago, spent Christmas in Janesville.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgington and daughter were Christmas visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fredendall in Hanover.

George W. Swartz of Monroe was a Janesville visitor last Friday afternoon.

Rexford Brown was home from Chicago over Christmas.

Miss Mayme Peabody is confined

in her home at 4 Milton avenue by illness.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. McGiffin were Sunday visitors in Edgerton.

Frank Holt is home from the University for the holiday intermission.

Mrs. Louise Fenton Brand returned to Milwaukee today after spending Christmas in Janesville.

Harry Jones arrived home Saturday evening from a two weeks' trip on the road.

William Smith was the guest of Mrs. C. B. Smith in Milton Sunday.

Guy Chase was here from Chicago to spend Christmas.

Misses Leora and Mabelle Westlake spent Christmas in Edgerton.

Harry Brown was home from Kaukauna over Sunday and yesterday.

William Curtiss is here from Chicago.

Fred Holt, who is teaching in Almond, Wis., is home for the holiday recess.

Miss Nelva Denoyer went to Milwaukee Saturday and will remain over during the state Teachers' Convention.

Philip Castford was here from Chicago yesterday.

Miss Jessie Stewart was the guest of her mother in Edgerton Sunday and Monday.

Charles Russell and daughter, Gertrude, were Milwaukee visitors Saturday.

Harold Bogardus of Chicago spent Sunday and Christmas in Janesville.

Mrs. Abner Seidmora of Hanover was a visitor here Sunday.

Harry and Starr Aword, who are working in Minneapolis for the J. I. Case company, are home on vacation.

Ernest Clark, who is now working in Chicago, spent Christmas at home.

C. O. Reese of Evansville was a Janesville visitor today.

Misses Rose and Alyce Morrissey were Christmas visitors in Edgerton.

Charles Galbraith was home from Chicago for Christmas.

Bruce Kline went to Chicago yesterday morning for a three days' visit.

Misses Ida and Minnie Kabia spent Christmas in Hanover.

W. B. Lawyer and John Horn are spending a few days at Charley Bluff, Lake Koshkonong.

Frank Moses was home from Valparaiso, Ind., over Christmas.

Leola Ayer returned this morning from Milwaukee, where he spent Christmas.

District Attorney W. O. Newhouse spent Christmas day in Clinton.

Harry Ransom and William A. Mayhew of Clinton are in the city today.

W. M. Hubbard of Evansville is a Janesville visitor today.

H. R. Chamberlain, who now gives his place of residence as Sharon, spent Christmas day in Janesville.

Rayburn McKinney of Rockford was in the city yesterday.

Bernard C. Kuken and Oscar Johnson of Stoughton were visitors in Janesville yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Comstock have returned from Mt. Clemens, Mich., where the latter has been taking treatment for several weeks. Their originally planned trip to California had to be postponed on account of the serious condition of Mrs. Comstock's health.

THE WEATHER

Temperature last 24 hours taken from registered thermometer at Heimstreet's drugstore: Highest, 44; lowest, 27; at 7 a. m. 33; at 3 p. m. 41; wind, south; sunrise, beautiful day.

Gazette wants reach 10,000 people.

FARINA

Fresh granulated wheat, not ground but cut in small grains, ideal for a breakfast food, for pancakes, or puddings, a very acceptable change from the regular package breakfast foods; per lb., 5c.

Spinach greens, 10c lb.

Young beet-top greens, 10c lb.

Evaporated red raspberries, 10c lb.

Genuine imported Roquefort cheese; jar, 20c.

Large ripe pineapples, 30c each.

Paul Revore coffee, 4 great blends, 35, 50, 25 and 20c lb.

Dutch Java coffee, 2-lb. can for 45c.

Boston brown bread, hot at 11.00 a. m.; loaf, 5c.

Homemade mince pies, 20 and 10c each.

Cream pumpkin pie, 20 and 10c each.

Sour cream breakfast fried cakes; doz., 10c.

Blodgett's pure buckwheat flour; bag, 10 lbs., 30c.

Maple syrup, absolutely pure; gal., \$1.25; half gallon, 65c.

GRUBB PRODUCE CO.

"Fleek's"

We have enjoyed a very large holiday business at our store, and we wish to thank most heartily our many friends and patrons for their liberal patronage.

"FLEEK'S"

15 W. Mil. St. Janesville

ISSUES COLLEGE JOURNAL

Printing Department of Gazette Produces the Work.

The printing department of the Gazette is producing for the Southern Wisconsin Business College monthly a college journal of four pages, a bright and snappy periodical carefully edited, full of readable material. The Christmas number recently issued, was very interesting and reflects much credit on the compiler, Mr. W. W. Dale.

Farmers' Day

The second annual Farmers' day at the Rock Co. Sugar Co.'s plant takes place Thursday of this week. All farmers are cordially invited. Lunch served at noon in the Pierson automobile store, 19 South Main street. Reduced rates on all railroads.

Notice

Having received tax roll for La Prairie, I am ready to collect taxes. Will be at O. D. Bates' grocery store, Janesville, Wis., Saturday, Dec. 30, 1906, and every Saturday in January, 1907, and at Tiffany creamery Jan. 16th and 20th, 1907.

JAMES G. SCOBIE, Treas.

A GOOD AFTER-DINNER CIGAR.

The Smith Drug Company Says The Chicks Just Fill The Bill.

The time to enjoy a real good cigar is after a good dinner. "There is no better time to test the quality of Wadsworth Bros' Chicks than to light one right after a hearty meal," says Mr. Ed. Smith of the Smith Drug Company. It just fills the bill

THE BIG BATTLE ON RAILWAY RATES

Lineup of Contending Forces and Meaning of Momentous Issue to Be Faced.

Judicial View of President Roosevelt's Proposed Step—Bone of Contention Is In Government Control of Rate Making Power.

Conflict Will Be In the Senate—Characteristics of Fighters In Both Branches of Congress—Greatest Legislative Problem With Which Congress Has Had to Deal In Forty Years.

THE people of the United States have awakened to the fact that they are facing a momentous issue. Senator Elkins, chairman of the senate committee on interstate commerce, declares that government regulation of railway rates is "the greatest legislative problem with which congress has had to deal in forty years." The fact that President Roosevelt makes this the first question which he treats in his annual message shows how important he regards the proposed step.

The battle will be in the senate. The overwhelming majority by which the house passed the Esch-Townsend bill at the last session—326 to 17—indicates that there will be no fight worth mentioning in that body. The Esch-Townsend bill, with certain amendments, has been reintroduced and will doubtless become the house measure. It will then be up to the senate, and in that body will take place a struggle the like of which has not been seen for many moons.

A Vital Matter.

The issue, in a word, is as to whether or not the power to fix rates shall be given to the interstate commerce commission or some similar administrative body. There are minor details, of course, but it is conceded on all sides that they could be compromised. The placing of the rate making power in the government is the bone of contention. It is a vital matter; how vital the present generation perhaps does not realize. It is fundamental, being



SENATOR KNOX.

the difference between private control and public control. However veiled or befogged, this remains the chief question. Stripped of all side issues, the question is simple, has the nation the right to regulate transportation tolls? However complicated or mysterious the details of rate making may appear, the issue itself is plain and clear. It transcends any mere question as to whether freight schedules are too high or too low or even as to whether there is discrimination or favoritism. All these things are involved, but they do not constitute the crux of the matter. That turns upon the sovereign power of the United States over its common carriers. Having got this one point fixed, it is possible to wade into the labyrinth of the subject without losing one's bearings. Before the average lay mind tackles a matter so mysterious as the modern railway rate some such precaution is necessary.

One other thing is clear, that the railroad question is interwoven with that of the industrial trusts. The Standard Oil agitation and the beef trust trials showed that. These two concerns were built up largely on the rebate. The same is true of practically every other trust that ships or receives produce, so that in taking up the freight rate matter the president seems to have got at the tap root of the whole trust plot. This makes the issue before congress fundamental in more senses than one.

More Publicity Advocated.

Another point is fairly plain—conceding the abstract proposition that the government has the right to fix rates, then what is the real evil at which this proposed legislation is aimed? Is it not this very giving of rebates, discrimination, unequal treatment? There seems no very general complaint that freight rates are too high. But there is general complaint of favoritism. Attorney General Moody after long and laborious investigation reports as his deliberate judgment that secret rebates are still given; that, while the hard return of a part of the charges is not indulged in so much as formerly, the same end is reached by other means—through the private car system, for example; re-invoicing charges, fictitious damages, terminal tolls and the like. The president's desire is to clothe the commission with power to get at these things

and correct the abuses if determined to exist. For example, if a railroad is granting some trust an especially low rate, that the commission may declare as low a general rate for all shippers. More publicity is advocated. It is desired that the commission may have access to all books, that hearings may be expedited and that power may be given to remedy an evil when found. Unequal treatment, then, is the meat in the second account. The Rooseveltian idea of a square deal is to give John Doe or Richard Roe the same rates as Annour. One firm shall not be favored at the expense of another. The poor shipper shall not be required to pay more than the rich shipper. As far as possible one community shall have an equal show with all other communities. Now we are getting the lay of the land.

All Railroad Men Not In the Fight.

Having determined something of the contour of the battlefield, the next thing is to look into the condition of the armies. What is the lineup of the forces? Who has the most men? Where are the big guns? What about the strategic advantages? At first glance the contending hosts look something like this: On one side Theodore Roosevelt, showing his teeth; on the other the railroads and favored shippers. But examined more closely there are mod-



SENATOR DOOLIVER.

fications. Roosevelt is found to have about him a vast multitude, over which waves a banner inscribed, "The general public." Now, the said public frequently gets it in the coupling between the head and shoulders. But in the end it usually manages to have its own way. And looked at closely the other side does not seem quite united. All the railroad men are not getting into the fight. Perhaps they are wise in their generation and are willing to take a slight pruning of privileges lest a worse thing befall them.

As for the strategic advantages, the president is entrenched on Capitol hill in a strong fortress known as the house. This position the enemy cannot take from him. Its biggest gun at this redoubt is a Cannon called Uncle Joe. It sometimes scatters, but belches smoke and fire and makes things exceedingly interesting for friend and foe. Another gun is manned by John Sharp Williams, and when it goes off the report may be heard for miles. It has been known to blow a "kid congressman" into small pieces. While it fires Democratic shells, it may be counted for the president here.

Still other pieces of ordnance are manned by John J. Esch of the Wisconsin regiment and Charles E. Townsend of the Michigan forces. These two have lashed their guns together and shoot simultaneously. Their pieces are much feared by the foe, as they have done deadly execution in the past. Townsend is a new fighter, but got into the game in such good earnest that he supplanted the veterans. Esch is an older hand at the business and can blow a locomotive off the track at long distance. Another famous fighter is Colonel Peter Hepburn, whose voice rings out like—well, there isn't anything just like Hepburn's voice. Anyway, it rings out. That is what it is for. Colonel Peter commands the interstate commerce committee battalion—that is, when it doesn't break away and go into the fight before he is ready. Then there is Brigadier Gen-

eral W. R. Hearst, who is a sort of an irregular, gives his commands in a whisper and fires into most anybody that happens to get in range. Altogether it is a famous army, though it does play havoc with the quartermaster's department.

The objective of the campaign is the capture of Fort Senate, which is also situated on Capitol hill and at no very great distance. It is not known which side the garrison in this stronghold favors, but it is suspected that some of its commanders have a sneaking liking for the railroad forces and purpose surrendering the citadel into their hands. But it is not believed on the Roosevelt side that they can deliver the goods. Before they are permitted to make any move in this direction there will be war in their own ranks. Most of the soldiers, including this stronghold are old fellows who fight with great deliberation. So the campaign is liable to be prolonged. While these white headed veterans put up a pretty scrimmage when they get into action, they are very courteous about their scrapping, and courtesy is liable to delay the game. If one of them wants to talk, or object, or anything, they do not pull off the battle until he is through, and not even then, usually, for by the time he is done some one else is in the talking mood, and so it goes, or rather, so it does not go. It never goes, in fact, until everybody is talked out.

A Foxy General.

The ostensible head of the senate garrison is Major General Steve Elkins. At different times he has hailed from Missouri, New Mexico and West Virginia. In former days he was a lieutenant of the celebrated "rugged warrior" and "plumed knight," James G. Blaine. Elkins is reputed to know most everything about railroads, for he owns some of his own. He is at the head of the important interstate commerce committee brigade, but it is not certain that a majority of this body will follow him. He is one of those reported to be conniving at turning over the fortress to the railroad forces, but he is a foxy general and does not give himself away. Every few days there come rumors that he is trying to effect a compromise, and there are even intimations that he may be successful.

Another great commander in the senate is General Nelson W. Aldrich, who



REPRESENTATIVE ESCH.

trovesy, for the allowance of excessive rates to private branch lines has been one of the methods of giving rebates and thus evading the law.

Intricate and Delicate Process.

The contention of the railroads against giving the proposed power to the interstate commerce commission or any other executive body is that rate making is an exceedingly intricate and delicate process, which can only be handled by experts; that it would disturb and disarrange business; that to fix lower rates than those in force would be actually confiscatory, and that it would give the government the power to fix a price on their private property, which is transportation. They profess to be anxious that all rebates and discriminations should be done away with. They are also willing that the rate making power should be vested in the courts. It is only fair to say on this point, however, that the supreme court has decided that rate making is a legislative function and cannot be vested in the courts, they only having the right to enjoin an injustice—for example, a rate that would amount to confiscation of property.

Battle Worth Going to See.

The body of immediate interest is the interstate commerce committee of the senate. This is composed of eight Republicans and five Democrats, thirteen in all. That is unlikeliest for somebody. Of the Republicans four are pretty certain to oppose the president. Three will support him. One, Millard of Nebraska, is doubtful, but it is believed that he will line up with Roosevelt, as his state overwhelmingly supports the president. Of the Democrats at least four are said to favor the Roosevelt plan. This would assure favorable action by the committee. A canvass of the senate itself would seem to indicate that government control will win out. At least some bill is practically certain to be passed, even though it be a compromise. It will be a battle worth going to see, and the best informed opinion inclines to the belief that President Roosevelt will be victorious. According to this view, the administration train has on a full head of steam, and somebody had better get off the track, or there will be a collision.

At any rate, it will be a famous victory, whoever wins it. It should not be forgotten that Colonel Roosevelt is something of a warrior himself and shows a disposition to crowd the fighting. On the battlefield he is left a number of dead—politically speaking, you understand.

Special Homeseekers' Excursion.

The C. M. & St. P. Railway will sell round trip excursion tickets to many south-western points December 15th, at less than the regular one way rate. Call on the ticket agent for rates, tickets and particulars.

The Administration Measure.

Leaving these bloody and martial similes, the present lineup of the legislative struggle is something like this: The Esch-Townsend bill, which has been introduced in the house, may perhaps be regarded as the administration measure. It is the most nearly in line with the president's ideas of any. It provides for the increase of the interstate commerce commission from five to seven, gives this body power on complaint being made to fix maximum rates, creates an interstate commerce court, composed of certain federal circuit judges, to whom the railroads may appeal if dissatisfied with the commission's findings, but provides that the commission's rulings shall go into effect immediately; stipulates that there must be more publicity in the matter of giving out rates and accounts by the roads, gives the commission access to all books kept by the companies, provides drastic penalties for violation of law and as amended places all private cars and refrigerating and terminal charges under the control of the interstate commerce commission. Other bills have been introduced in the house, among the best that of Congressman Hearst, which is even more radical. But it is fairly certain that the Esch-Townsend measure is the one that will be pressed through.

In the senate the most conspicuous bills are that prepared by the interstate commerce commission—one by Senator Foraker and one introduced or to be introduced by Senator Elkins. The bill by the interstate commerce commission is the most radical of any. It contains all the provisions of the Esch-Townsend bill and in addition empowers the commission to fix minimum as well as maximum rates, to initiate cases without complaints being made and to limit up evidence for itself. The Foraker bill provides that the matter of fixing rates shall be left to the United States courts. The Elkins bill is to be in the nature of a compromise, giving the commission power to make findings, but leaving the real rate making power in the hands of the courts, and providing further that branch lines, or "feeders," are to be allowed more than their pro rata share of receipts on freights that are carried both by them and the trunk lines. Herein, by the way, is one of the nabs to the con-

SMALL PARISH IN LONDON.

Consists of But Twenty-Five Souls and Is Located in the Heart of the City.

A parish situated within the limits of the precincts of the Bank of England has reason to be proud of itself. Such is the happy position of St. Christopher-le-Stock, which has an area of only two and eight-tenths acres and a population of but 25 souls.

The population is a gradually diminishing quantity, though there has been a notable increase of one during the past four years. The figures since 1811 are as follows: 1811, population, 30; 1831, 72; 1841, 16; 1851, 45; 1861, 28; 1871, 34; 1881, 24; 1891, 25.

There are only three inhabited houses in St. Christopher-le-Stock. In 1780 the church of St. Christopher-le-Stock occupied the ground upon which the Mansion house now stands. The name was derived from its proximity to the stock market, which was then held in the neighborhood of Change alley. This church was demolished in 1781.

The graveyard, according to published reports, was converted into a garden within the grounds of the bank.



SENATOR ALDRICH.

At the Theater.

Mrs. Youkild—Doesn't it make you dreadfully angry to have to stand up and let men pass you when they get out between the acts?

Mrs. Willson—No, I like it. My husband owns the barroom—Cleveland Leader.

Information Wanted.

"During the campaign," said the political boss, "you must never fail to hold up American industries."

"For how much?" asked the innocent candidate.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Modern Course.

"What course will he take in college?"

"I don't know, but I think it's golf club and football."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Why suffer with your stomach, kidneys and liver when Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will make you well. If taken this month, keeps you well all the year. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

But marry the girl that you love best: Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do the rest. Smith Drug Co.

Fortune disregards thy claim. Don't hang thy head in fear and shame. But marry the girl that you love best: Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do the rest. Smith Drug Co.

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KING EDWARD'S GRANDSON'S

Young Princes Consider It Great Fun to Go Riding with Their Grandpa.

Little Prince Edward, son of the prince of Wales, has a keen relish for the beer and skittles of this world. He often rides out with his grandfather, the king, for instance, and on such occasions he is allowed the seat of honor by the side of the seventh Edward he is supremely happy; otherwise he is usually what that observant monarch has called "quiescent."

One day during the summer this smaller Edward and his next brother, Prince Albert, were taken by the king upon a call he was making. Albert had the coveted position on the drive out, and then came the call and then the departure; but so eager was Edward the lesser to seize and hold a half of that back seat that he scuttled off and down to the carriage without saying a good-by. Of course, he was sent back to apologize. Up the stairs he ran, blurted out an "I'm sorry," and then with never a word as to what he was so sorry about he was again pattering off so hastily that he fell down the last five steps in a way anything but dignified or royal.

But the king laughed, and the two Edwards rode home side by side.

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Increase in Post-Cards.

Five years ago the total number of post-cards delivered in the United Kingdom was about 400,000,000; last year it was 750,000,000; and if the recent rate of increase is maintained, the total for this year may reach 900,000,000.

At the Theater.

Mrs. Youkild—Doesn't it make you dreadfully angry to have to stand up and let men pass you when they get out between the acts?

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900 DROPS

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Hutchins.

Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE GENTLEMAN COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Dr. J. C. HUTCHINS

**Pumpkin Seed—1 lb.
Sassafras—1 lb.
Rhubarb—1 lb.
Licorice—1 lb.
Ginger—1 lb.
Cinnamon—1 lb.
Cloves—1 lb.
Nutmeg—1 lb.
Peppermint—1 lb.**

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

For Simple Signature of Dr. J. C. HUTCHINS, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DROPS—35 CENTS.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

A Big Claim.

I have all my life been made aware when death has seized or danger threatened those I love. Thus no fear of evil things ever disturbs me, so certain am I that if the worst of all calamities befall, I should know it at the instant of its happening, without the need of any human agency.—Helen Mathers in the Daily Graphic.

Long Suspended Animation.

From Blackburn, England, comes the story of a worm seven inches long that has been discovered lying in the heart of a stone ten inches from the outside. On being exposed it moved about in lively fashion. It is claimed that it must have been in suspended animation for thousands of years.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known J. C. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

W. L. RYAN, RYAN & MANN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Holiday Excursion Rates.

For the Christmas and New Year holidays, excursion tickets will be sold to all points on the St. Paul road, and to many western and south-western points, including Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, Colo. Tickets on sale December 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 1903 and Jan. 1, 1904. Return limit, January 4, 1904. No tickets sold at less than fifty cents. For details apply to the ticket agent of the C. M. & St. P. Railway.

Excursion Rates for the Holidays.

Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates December 22, 23, 24, 25, 30, 31, 1903 and January 1, 1904, good returning until and including January 4, 1904, to points on the North-Western Line, including C. St. P. M. & O. Railway, to points on the Union Pacific R. R. east of and including Cheyenne and Denver, points on A. T. & S. F. R. R., Denver & Rio Grande R. R., and Colorado Southern, Denver to Trinidad, inclusive, and Colorado and Southern points, Orin Jet to Cheyenne, inclusive, also to points on D. S. S. & A. R. R. and Mineral Range R. R. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R. R.

When Your Wife and Family Travel Without You.

When your wife and family travel without you, you naturally like to feel that they are being carefully and courteously served. They will be if you send them via the Burlington Route. No other railroad in the world makes more sincere or more constant efforts to relieve all passengers of travel worry—not only while on trains but at stations and transfer points such as Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Omaha, Denver, Minneapolis, St. Paul or the smaller places. Inquiries and requests for time tables may be addressed to J. Francis, General Passenger Agent, Burlington Route, Chicago.

Business Directory

Flour and Feed

COY

The place to buy and sell grain and corn. The best place in Janesville to have your grain ground. New Mill. Largest capacity.



CHRISTMAS RULERS

Uncle Sam—We stood aside—they were the rulers of this country, yesterday.



PNEUMONIA.
I have told you before how to treat pneumonia, the best and safest method of home treatment that could be devised. In fact, whether it be at home in a hospital or sanatorium, the plan of treatment of pneumonia in its various stages by the use of hot and cold applications is so superior to the common drug treatment, that the percentage of cases cured will be greatly in favor of the drugless method.

Right here let me say a word about the lungs in fat and lean people, as it is pertinent to this subject. Only a small portion of the oils and fats partaken of are used otherwise than for keeping us warm, and they must be burned in order to keep the proper temperature of the body. There is a chemical fire burning within our bodies all the time and that fire must be supplied with oxygen or it will not burn. The lungs are used for the purpose of supplying the oxygen, and in order to dispose of surplus fats without setting up a fever in the body there must be good lung capacity. Very fat people do not, as a rule, have very strong lungs, nor of great capacity. They do not breathe deeply enough, and when a cold is taken and the weakened and already over-worked lungs are beginning to fill up with blood the distress is so apparent that it seems as if the person would suffocate very quickly, and in fact many of them do.

There is an immense amount of fat or oil in the body of such a person, and it seems to be on fire, and yet it is not being burned in the right way. The lungs have not been trained and developed, but are lazy and weak. Enough oxygen cannot now get into them to supply the body and the patient dies. A thin, slender person does not have the same disadvantages to contend with, his lungs are as strong and large, and perhaps have more action, than those of the fleshy person, and there is not so much fuel stored in the body. Therefore, the cold which developed into pneumonia in the case of the fleshy person may develop into something entirely different in the thin person.

INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS.

A great many lives are unnecessarily given up in the fight between life and death in this well known trouble, called by many inflammation of the lungs. It should not terminate in death, and will not if the proper care and treatment are given. To be perfectly truthful, it is a dangerous condition of the lungs, but with the knowledge of the right kind of treatment to be given, can be overcome. It is generally supposed that if one has a deep, strong voice, and has the apparent capacity of taking full, deep breaths by bulging out his chest, that his lung capacity must be great also. As a matter of fact, this is not always the case. It is the muscles of the chest and the diaphragm that are the controlling element, and if these are strong and supply the breathing may be deep and the voice full, and yet the lungs will be puny and in poor condition.

Sometimes those who have the largest chest expansion will be the most susceptible to lung troubles, and even while lying helpless in bed one would think from the vibrations of the chest that breathing is perfectly normal. Such is not the case, however. Much of the air does not enter the lungs at all, but is simply circulating around them and the patient is, in all probability suffering the most exquisite pains in his lungs. They feel compressed and closed up so that little air is allowed to pass into or out of them. If the lungs were in good condition this trouble would not arise and it is caused by the lungs allowing an over-abundance of blood to flow into them and remain there, filling them to their greatest capacity. This should not be the case, as the lungs should receive and expel the fresh air and blood with every upward movement of the diaphragm, and inward movement of the muscles of the chest. In this movement the lungs expand and allow the pure, fresh air and clean, clear blood to enter and meet. These, in turn, promote the continuance of life by their exchange of the elements needed to assist each.

Briefly stated, the best thing to do for such a condition when the person is strong and fleshy is to use cold compresses on the chest. Keep changing these until the distress is relieved. In most cases, and especially when thin in flesh, the patient will need fomentation also as described in a recent lecture, if the body is cooled too much. Hot bran mash poultices are also good to use on the lower part of the neck and between the shoulders, but you must be careful and not have them too hot enough to burn the patient. The poultice to the shoulders should not be applied until after the terrible fever of the lungs is cooled down quite thoroughly.

A case of which I have heard, was that of a woman who suffered from a very bad attack of congestion of the lungs—that is the lungs become too full of blood. A doctor was called and could do nothing, in fact what he did made the patient worse, and she prepared to die. The idea of a hot fomentation to the feet and legs and cold compresses to the lungs was suggested by a student of my system. This idea was firmly declined by the physician and hooted at by some of the friends of the sick woman. Finally, without the knowledge of the doctor, the treatment was begun, and in ten minutes the patient felt better, and continued to improve, while the doctor, of course, took the honor of the cure upon himself.

CLUB NOTES.

Cannon Falls.—Dr. David H. Reeder, Laporte, Ind.—Dear Doctor: I have read a part of your lectures in the paper and I think much good advice is given, therefore I take the liberty to write to you about myself. I am troubled with headache and cold in nose at times, and also have a dreadful pain in my head right over the eyes, then it breaks loose and I have to sneeze so forcibly that I think at times something in my head will split. I also have ringing in my head; at times it feels like a threshing machine in my head. I do not hear well, either, because of the ringing. At times it is a little better, but I am afraid that I shall be deaf. It is certainly a misfortune not to be able to hear when one is among people. I have tried various treatments, but it does not seem to do any good. People say that I can do as much as I want—I will get no relief, as it is inherited, for my father is nearly deaf. Now, I have described my case to the best of my ability, and hope that I may hear from you. K. H.

The principal cause of your suffering, as well as the noises in your head, is catarrh. You need have no fears about deafness simply because your father was afflicted. Your hearing was good when you were born, therefore you did not inherit the trouble, but catarrhal trouble, which probably caused your father's deafness, will cause it in you unless you overcome it and this you can do if you will. First, you should adopt the special exercises described in the club books for developing the lungs and strengthening the throat and bronchial tubes. Second, you should practice, night and morning, the breathing exercises described for the cure of catarrh. Third, you should take Ferrum Phos. 6x for the inflammation of the nasal passages and Kali. Mur. 6x for the catarrhal deafness. These contain tissue elements or cell salts which are lacking in your system and will complete the cure. Perhaps you may think this is lots of bother, but it is better to take this trouble now while you are young than to become deaf. This treatment is simple and safe, and you can treat yourself at home, in this case, as well as to spend large sums of money by going to a hospital to be treated. I shall be glad to hear from you again after you have used the treatment a few months.

Rockford.—Dr. David H. Reeder, Laporte, Ind.—Dear Doctor: I have read your lectures in this paper and note that we can secure replies and information regarding matters of health. I have suffered from stomach trouble for two years, which has induced constipation, and my complexion is constantly yellow, and has been so ever since I was taken sick. I have consulted doctors here, who say it is liver trouble, and others said something else, but of all the attempts I have made to cure it have proven futile; I saw, however, in a lecture of yours an article regarding biliousness. I think that is my trouble, for it manifests itself in the same way as described in your lecture. I wish you would also tell me where I could obtain the compound gentian formula. Respectfully, S. E.

Compound gentian syrup is made as follows:

Guinea	1
Golden Seal	1
Balm of Gilead	1
Dwarf Elder	1
Gentian	1
Prickly ash	1
Wahoo	1

This quantity will make two quarts of syrup. Dose, two tablespoonfuls after meals. The formula was first given in a somewhat different form nearly 100 years ago by old Dr. Thompson, the founder of the Thompsonian school of herb medicines, but was improved and changed to the present form by Dr. William Wesley Cook, and used by him for many years. It is disagreeable to the taste, however, although one of the best remedies for the condition named that I know of. In fact, it is a general all-around remedy and cleanses the system of impurities while acting as a tonic. I made it more palatable by prepping it in tablet form, which is preferred by most people. Any reliable druggist could make the syrup for you if he has the fresh herbs.

All readers of this publication are at liberty to inquire for any information pertaining to the subject of health, at any time. Address all communications to the Home Health Club, or Dr. David H. Reeder, Laporte, Ind., giving name and address in full, and at least four cents in postage.

An Awful Slam.

"Don't take it so hard, Mr. Playman," said the young woman, mockingly. "There are other girls, you know. There's Lil Gumpkins, Sallie Plimborn, Kate Isnogles, and Fan Billwink. Any one of them would make a better wife for you than I would." "I know it," he said, swallowing a lump in his throat, and turning to go. "If any one of those four girls had said yes, do you suppose I would ever have thought of coming here for a wife?"—Chicago Tribune.

He Wanted to Know.

"Yes," said Mabel, proudly, "when a young man kisses me I scream." "Mabel," said Reginald, with sudden coldness, "why is it you are so often hoarse when I call on you?"—Chicago Journal.

Siamese Cure For Snake Bite.

Here is a Siamese prescription for a snake bite: Take parts of the jaws of a wild hog, a tame hog, and a goat; parts of a goose bone and a peacock bone; parts of the tail of a fish and of the head of a venomous snake. Mix and swallow. This is supposed to cure the patient when the snake's poison has caused lockjaw.

RICHEST WOMAN GIVES BOY BANK

Mrs. Hetty Green Causes Little Son of Neighbor to Be Happy.

CANDY CANE AND WOOLLY COW

Little Tot Has Won Way to Her Heart, and is Recipient of Gifts From Woman who Controls Vast Fortune—Spends Day at Work.

New York, Dec. 26.—Christmas fever fell heavily upon Mrs. Hetty Green. From her modest apartments at 1303 Washington street, Hoboken, the richest woman in America lavished happiness upon two—one the curly headed darling of Mrs. L. H. Boudreau, who lives next door, the other a shy terror that has lived with Mrs. Green for years.

To little James Edward Boudreau, aged 4, Mrs. Green gave a candy cane, a woolly cow, and a toy bank; also, it is to be presumed, some excellent advice regarding snuffing the latter with pennies as the Hoboken years speed.

The dog got life, liberty, and the right to pursue the end of its tail. All day long in the deserted flat the shy terror barked to his heart's content. Neighbors heard his little feet patter through the sill rooms, heard him yelp with joy when the electric bell rang, or as some one passed the Green landing on the second floor. There was no one to chide. It was a fine Christmas for the dog.

Works at the Bank.

Mrs. Green herself began her Christmas by arising with the Hoboken milkman and going forth into the morning to buy what was needed for her Christmas breakfast. Before the children were up in the neighborhood she was back again. The presents were left with the janitor for James Edward, and then the woman, who is supposed to be worth \$65,000,000 went out.

In her faded bonnet and time rusted black coat she walked past the long row of flats in whose windows were Christmas trees and the faces of happy children. The lonely woman looked neither to right nor left. She made no sign that she knew of the joy of the youth that abounded all about her. On, with her own Christmas thoughts, she went to the Fourteenth street ferry and crossed the river. At 10 o'clock she had an engagement with her secretary and a clerk of the Chemical bank. Here hemmed in by bonds and stocks, Santa Claus did not intrude or the shouts of children annoy. Mrs. Green took an hour off at 3 o'clock. She boarded a car going up town. No one knew at the bank just where she went.

Fat Man Waits in Vain.

A fat man, with shaggy whiskers, waited in Hoboken for the richest woman until dusk. He rang the bell until the shy terror ceased barking in sheer exhaustion. There was no other response. Intermittently the fat man would stand in the middle of the car track and peer up at the Green windows.

"He probably wants to borrow something," remarked the policeman on the beat. "I see his finish."

Master Boudreau, fair-haired, blue-eyed, and happy, has yet the first dollar he ever owned. It was given to him by Mrs. Green two years ago, and he is proud of it, not because "the richest woman" gave it to him, but because he likes the giver. The boy is the pride of the neighborhood, and Mrs. Green took a great fancy to him when she lived in an adjoining apartment.

Mrs. Boudreau, James Henry's mother, refused to discuss Mrs. Green because the latter had expressed a great dread that the newspapers would find out her whereabouts. Mrs. Green is living at Hoboken under the name of Mrs. C. Norton. She has never used the name of Green in her home life in Hoboken.

FINDS DOUBLE-TAILED COMET

Professor Lowell Reports Discovery of Celestial Wanderer.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 26.—A telephone message has been received at the Harvard observatory from Prof. Percival Lowell saying he had found a second comet on the photograph made on Nov. 29 at 9 hours 54 minutes times 7 hours west of Greenwich, eighth ascension 328.5, declination minus 8.7. The comet was moving two minutes an hour south by west or north by east. The comet had two tails, one extending north and the other north-east.

Convicts Are Paid Interest.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Dec. 26.—For the first time in the history of penal institutions the inmates of the Jeffersonville reformatory Christmas day were paid interest on money due them for extra work. The payments were made from a special fund.

Lafayette's Car Is Burned.

Youngstown, Ohio, Dec. 26.—The private car in which Lafayette rode when he visited this country in 1824 was destroyed by fire here Monday. The blaze occasioned a loss of \$10,000.

Rob and Murder Man.

Columbus, Miss., Dec. 26.—A. E. Kelly of Scranton, Miss., was robbed, shot and placed on the railroad track here, where his body was mangled by a train.

Opposition Strengthens Desire.

There is no doubt that opposition has made more undesirable marriages than any form of encouragement.—Kathleen Robinson.

MINERS ASK OPERATORS FOR JOINT CONFERENCE

Workers Seek Recognition of Union and Conciliation Board to Be in Session Continuously.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 26.—President John Mitchell of the United Mineworkers' union has communicated with the presidents of the anthracite coal producing companies in regard to the demand the miners will make for the continuance of work in the hard coal fields.

It is understood the letter is in regard to holding a conference between the committee representing the United Mineworkers and the operators. As to what the operators will do it has not definitely been decided upon.

Besides asking for an eight-hour day there are also to be presented other demands. The most important and one that if adopted will mean the complete recognition of the union is the request that an entire new conciliation board be formed, one that will always be in session and will go from place to place to settle disputes. This request will meet with considerable opposition from the operators.

The proposed new board is to be composed of three members representing the miners and the same number representing the operators and a seventh member to be chosen by the city at six.

HONOR VETERAN ODD FELLOW

Iowa Lodges Join in Celebrating Man's Fiftieth Anniversary.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, Dec. 26.—An observance was held here Christmas day by several local lodges of the Odd Fellows order commemorating the fiftieth anniversary of Gen. Grenville M. Dodge's membership in that fraternity. Former Congressman Thomas Bowman delivered the principal address. Gen. Dodge, who is at present chairman of the board of directors for the Colorado and Southern railroad, became an Odd Fellow in Council Bluffs in 1855 and is still a member here. Mr. Dodge is commander-in-chief of the Army of Tennessee.

Mormon Colony for Mexico.

Salt Lake, Utah, Dec. 26.—Over 1,000 Mormon settlers will colonize in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, after the holidays, where a large tract of land has been secured.

SHOOT'S HIMSELF AT DAY'S END

Philadelphia Manufacturer's Christmas Has Tragic Closing.

Philadelphia, Pa., Dec. 26.—Edward C. Wetherell, a member of the firm of George D. Wetherell & Co., paint manufacturers, shot himself twice Monday evening dying shortly afterward. The reason for the act is not publicly known, the members of his family refusing to talk about the matter. Wetherell, who is 32 years old, and a member of several clubs, spent the day with relatives and friends, and toward evening went to his apartments at 1293 Spruce street. An hour later shots were heard, and he was found in his room with two bullet wounds in his head.

Woman Falls Down Cellar.

Charlotte, Mich., Dec. 26.—Mrs. A. J. Bellinger of Grand Rapids fell down cellar at the home of relatives with whom she was spending the holidays here and was instantly killed. She was 74 years old.

Juntgen Is Acquitted.

Paris, Ill., Dec. 26.—Walter W. Juntgen was found not guilty by a jury in the circuit court of a charge of wrecking the Edgar County National bank building with dynamite last June.

MEDAL OF HONOR FOR HEROISM

George Poell of Grand Island, Neb., Save Life of Child.

Grand Island, Neb., Dec. 26.—George Poell, county clerk-elect of this county, has received a letter from President Roosevelt conveying to him the information that the first medal of honor given under the act of congress, approved Feb. 24, 1905, had been awarded to him for conspicuous bravery in saving the life of a child at the risk of his own and expressing warm commendation for the deed. Mr. Poell, who was a locomotive fireman, ran alongside his engine to the pilot and snatched a little child from the track, saving it from harm but he himself fell under the engine, losing a leg and being otherwise badly injured.

Fatal Christmas Frolic.

Burlington, Iowa, Dec. 26.—Polly Frelling, fifteen, was stabbed to death at a Christmas frolic by Otto Shamburg, aged 20.

Took Nightmare Seriously

A nightmare sat on the chest of a traveler near San Bernardino, Cal., and persuaded him that the train was about to be wrecked. When the dreamer awoke he was sitting in the sand beside the right of way, with his train speeding on. He had leaped through the window, alighting on his head.

The Chronic Bachelor.

When a young man goes to church with a girl, he likes to sit in the back seat. Not because he's modest, but because he likes to keep as far away from the altar as possible.—Cleveland Leader.

How True.

How true is the old proverb that birds of a feather flock together—why, only a pain in two little fingers (belonging to separate persons, of course) may unite their owners in a bond of friendship.

Read the want ads.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Cloaks..

The saddest time of all the year to the merchant, is right after Christmas, when **Winter Garments** are "led" like a lamb to the slaughter.

Early Comers will secure some **Great Bargains**, not only in **Cloaks**, of which we show the very best of styles, but also in

Furs..

We are offering all of our **Furs** at prices that mean a **big saving** to the purchaser.

Be wise and buy early before the best things are gone.

SUBSCRIBE for the **McCALL MAGAZINE**; only **30c** for a **WHOLE YEAR**, which includes a **PATTERN FREE**.

Truly—Who **WOULD** Fardels Bear, When Want Advertising Costs So Little?

"Who would Fardels bear—to groan and sweat under a weary life?"—Hamlet.

ARE YOU CARRYING TOO MANY

FARDELS?

The marked trend of things today is in the direction of devices to relieve the individual from bearing fardels—this being the old English name for bundles, loads, packages, burdens.

The express companies and parcels post, and mercantile delivery systems have combined to carry our material fardels for us—to leave our arms and limbs at rest, or free for conflict and conquest in the "daily grind."

But the Fardels about which Hamlet soliloquized were psychological, rather than material—the "bundles" were mental ones, the burdens made up of worries, perplexities, senses of loss, disappointments. And these still remain to us—to some of us in a double measure, to others in such slight degree as to scarcely merit so hard a name as "Fardels."

A housewife in urgent need of a servant has a particularly ugly fardel to bear; a house-owner without tenants—a real estate dealer with few clients—a man out of employment—a teacher with few students—a landlady with too many empty chairs at her table or too many vacant rooms in her house—these are some of the people who bear mental fardels; and yet these are the sort of fardels no one need bear for long—THEY ARE THE KIND WHICH WANT ADVERTISING CAN TAKE FROM YOUR SHOULDERS. "High device is still the highest force"—and for the purpose of relieving you of "fardels."

WANT ADVERTISING IS "HIGH DEVICE!"

3 LINES, 3 TIMES 25c